

ALMA MATER STUDIORUM
UNIVERSITÀ DI BOLOGNA



@MelchiorreGroup



Photochemistry, Organocatalysis & Enzymes

New Radical Opportunities

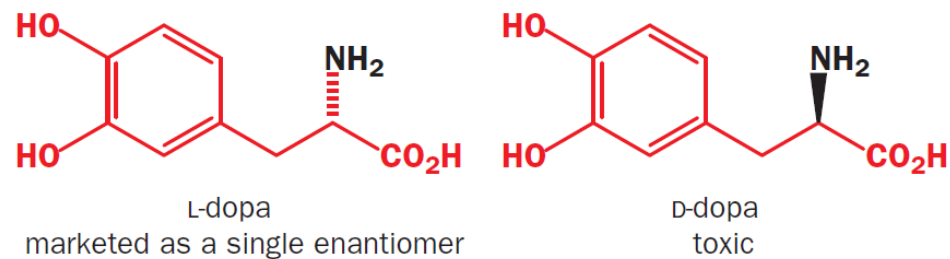
Ischia Advanced School of Organic Chemistry

Paolo Melchiorre
p.melchiorre@unibo.it

Professor of Chemistry
Bologna University
Industrial Chemistry Department 'Toso Montanari'



Nature's inherent chirality requires us to create chiral molecules in enantiomerically pure form in order to interact with or modify our world



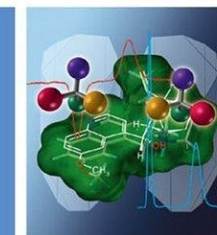
Stereochemistry is an essential dimension in drug discovery

Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry

Edited by
Eric Francotte and Wolfgang Lindner

WILEY-VCH

**Chirality in
Drug Research**

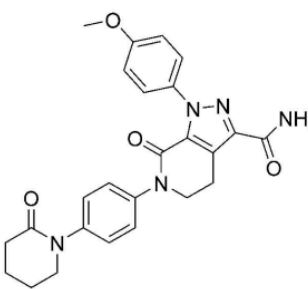
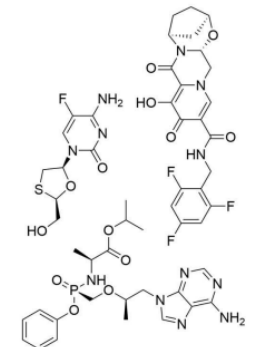
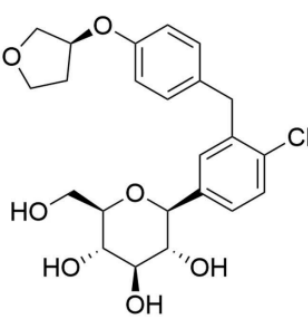
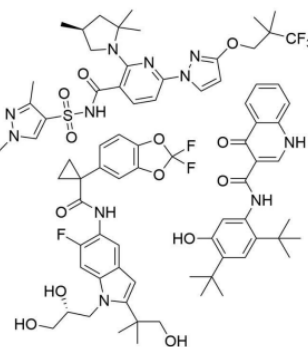
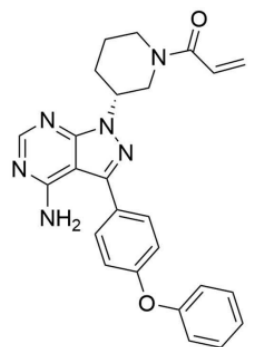
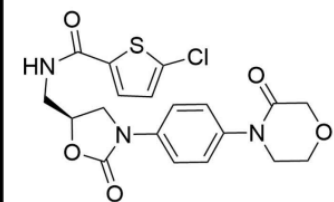
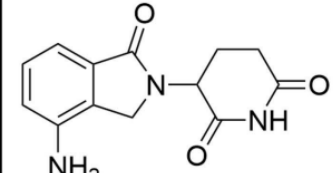
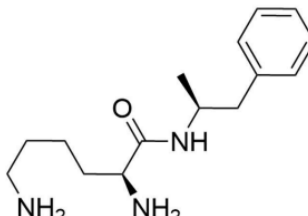
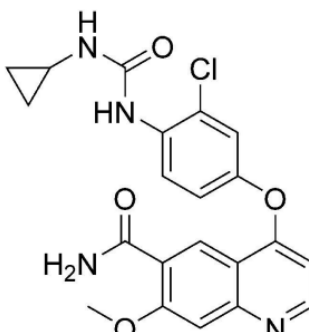
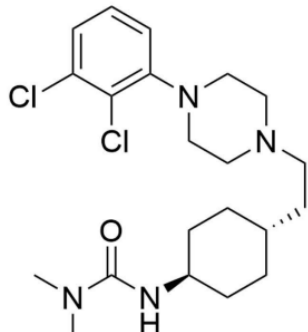
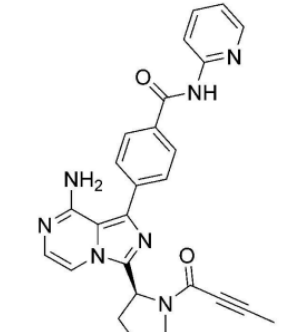
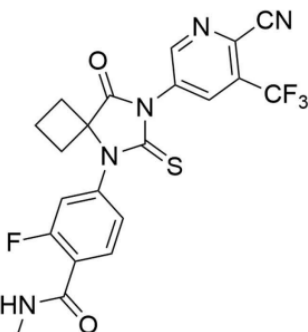
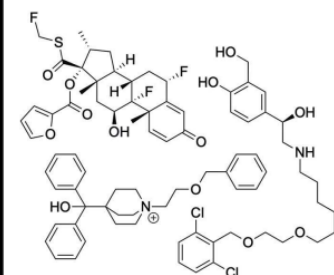
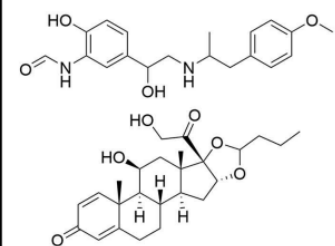


Volume 33
Series Editors:
R. Maehle,
H. Kubinyi,
G. Folkers



Top 200 Small Molecule Drugs by Retail Sales in 2023

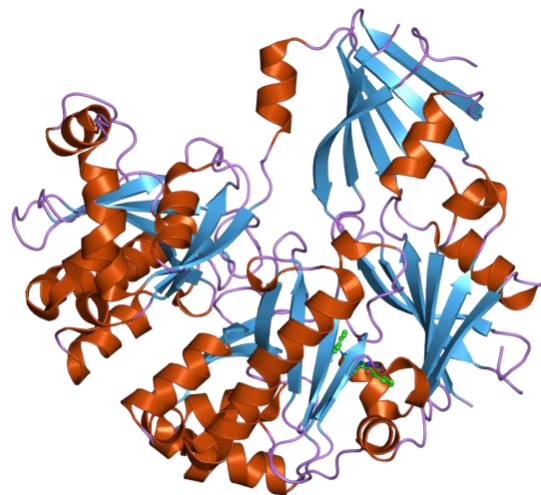
Compiled and Produced by Ryan E. Williams and Hayden M. Leatherwood from the Njardarson Group (The University of Arizona)

1 Eliquis (Apixaban)  \$18.953 Billion Cardiology/Vascular Diseases	2 Biktarvy (Bictegravir/Emtricitabine/Tenofovir Alafenamide)  \$11.850 Billion Infectious Diseases	3 Jardiance (Empagliflozin)  \$10.600 Billion Diabetes	4 Trikafta (Elexacaftor/Tezacaftor/Ivacaftor)  \$8.944 Billion Genetic Diseases	5 Imbruvica (Ibrutinib)  \$6.860 Billion Oncology	6 Xarelto (Rivaroxaban)  \$6.793 Billion Cardiology/Vascular Diseases	7 Revlimid (Lenalidomide)  \$6.179 Billion Oncology
21 Vyvanse (Lisdexamfetamine)  \$2.978 Billion Neurology	22 Lenvima (Lenvatinib)  \$2.868 Billion Oncology	23 Vraylar (Cariprazine)  \$2.759 Billion Neurology	24 Calquence (Acalabrutinib)  \$2.514 Billion Oncology	25 Erleada (Apalutamide)  \$2.387 Billion Oncology	26 Trelegly Ellipta (Fluticasone Furoate/Vilanterol Trifenatate/Umeclidinium)  \$2.376 Billion Respiratory Diseases	27 Symbicort (Budesonide/Formoterol)  \$2.362 Billion Respiratory Diseases

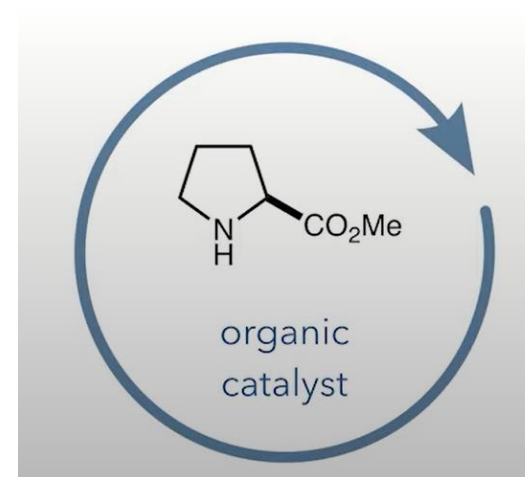
Catalysis makes existing reactions easier, faster, and allows new chemical reactions



metal catalysis



biocatalysis



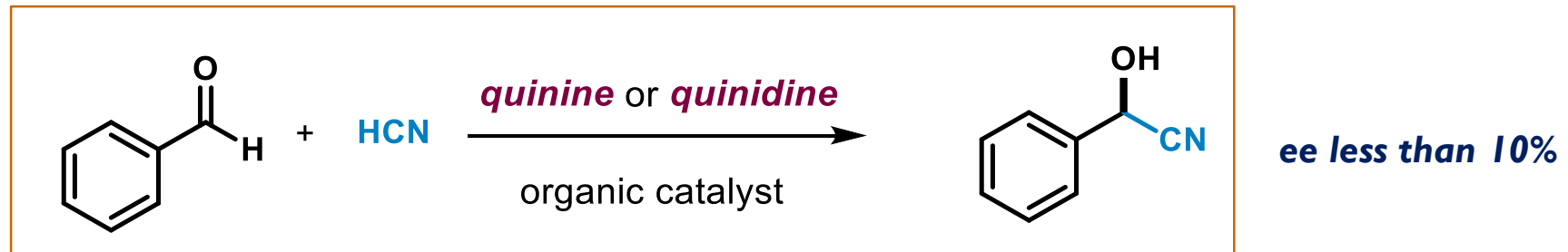
organocatalysis

Enantioselective Catalysis

Most economical, energy-saving, and environmentally benign approach to achieve stereocontrol



Noyori, R. Synthesizing our future.
Nature Chemistry 1, 5–6 (2009)



Bredig, G.; Fiske, P. S. *Biochem. Z.* **1912**, 46, 7–23

first example of non-enzymatic asymmetric catalysis ever developed by chemists

Kagan, H. B.

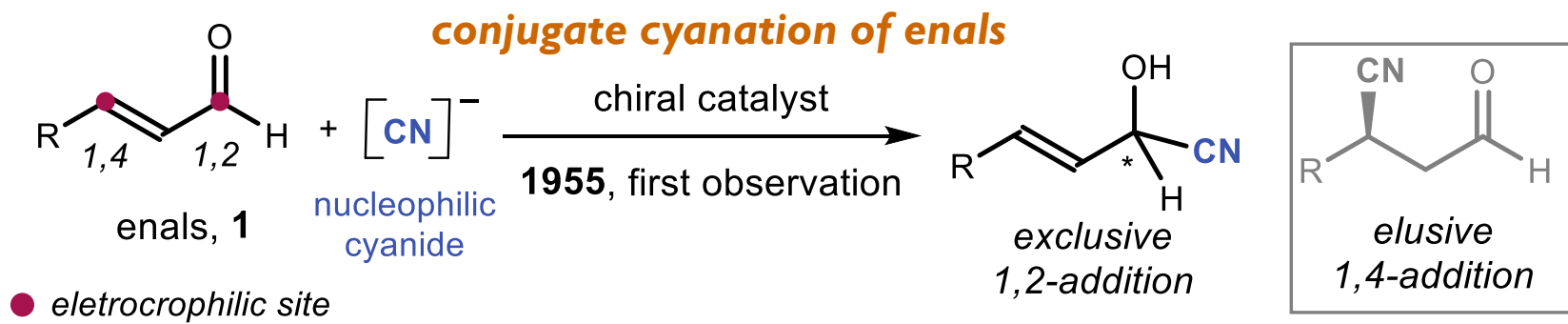
Historical perspectives, in *Comprehensive Asymmetric Catalysis*,

ed. Jacobsen, E. N., Pfaltz A. & Yamamoto, H. Springer-Verlag, Berlin (1999), vol. 1, p. 4-22

But when it comes to conjugate cyanation...



Problem number 1



how to override the intrinsic 1,2-chemoselectivity of **1** to favour a conjugate 1,4-cyanation?

Prelog, V. & Wilhelm, M. *Helv. Chim. Acta* **37**, 1634–1660 (1954).

How to develop a chemoselective conjugate cyanation process?

no example of 1,4 cyanation of enals
even in the racemic regime

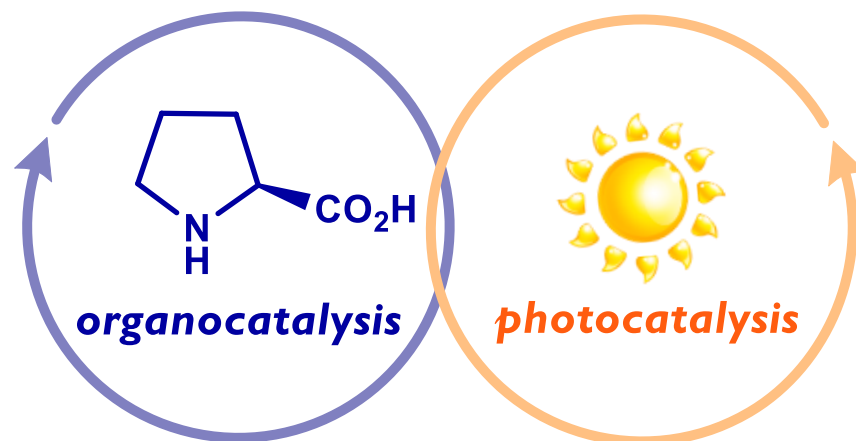
But when it comes to conjugate cyanation...



Problem number 1

How to develop a chemoselective conjugate cyanation process?

Our approach





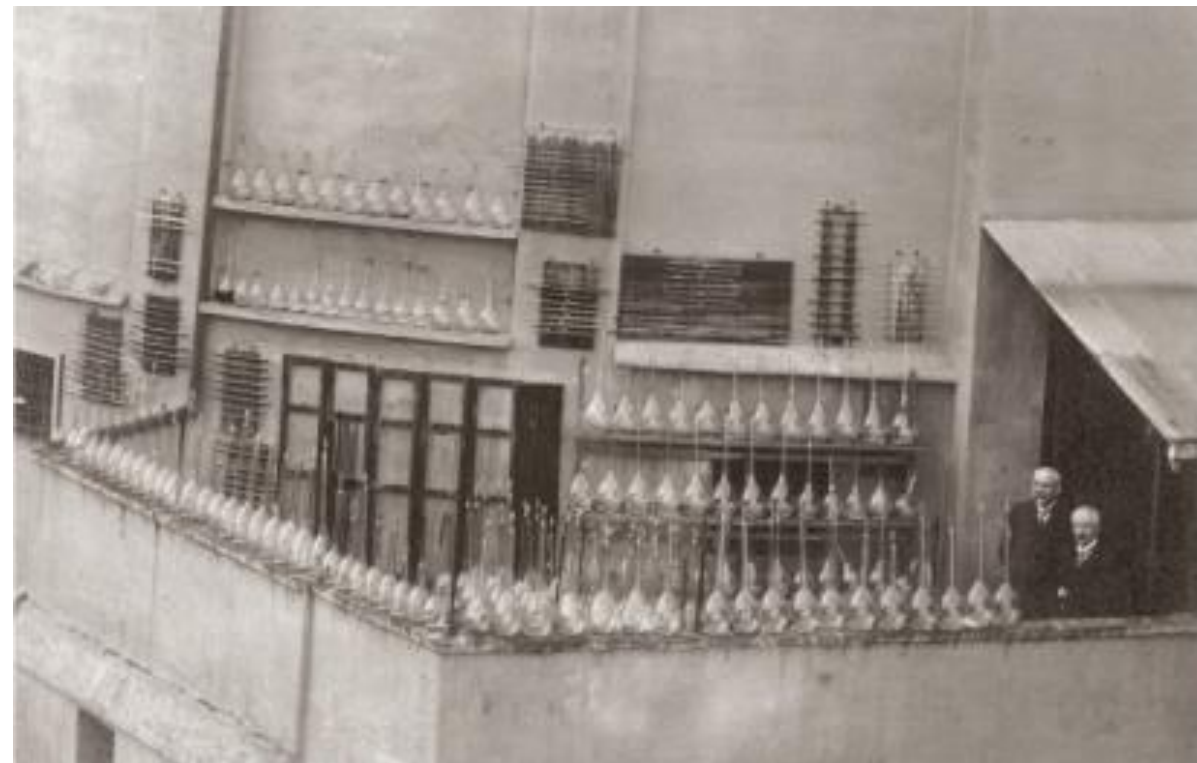
G. Ciamician

Giacomo Ciamician (1857-1922)

'The Photochemistry of the Future'

Science **1912**, 36, 385–394

“... and if in a distant future the supply of coal becomes completely exhausted, civilization will not be checked by that, for life and civilization will continue as long as the sun shines!”

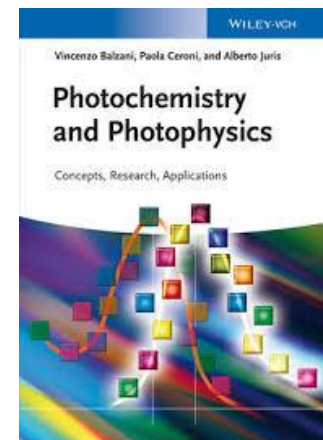
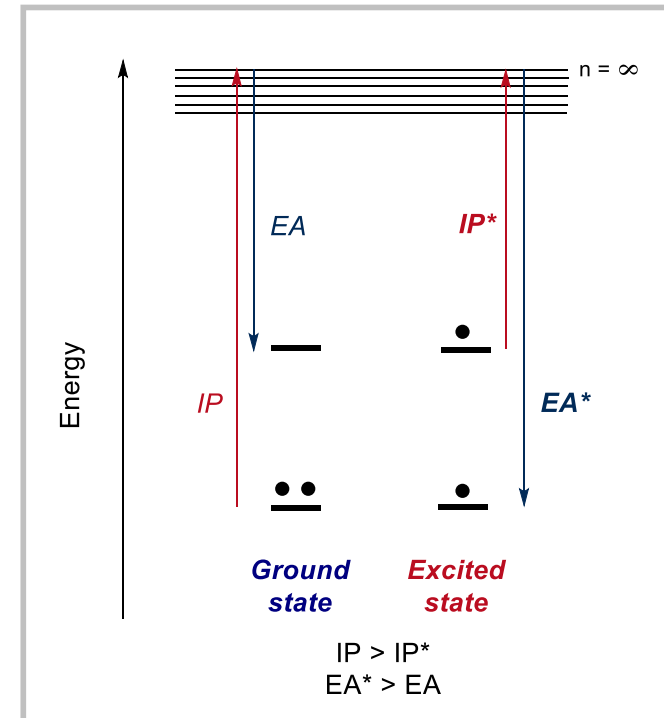
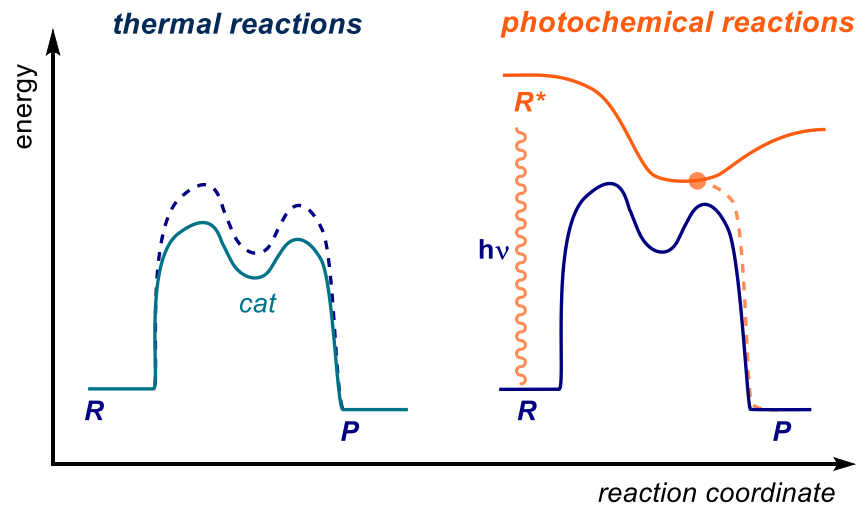


**on the roof of the Chemistry Department
in Bologna (Italy)**

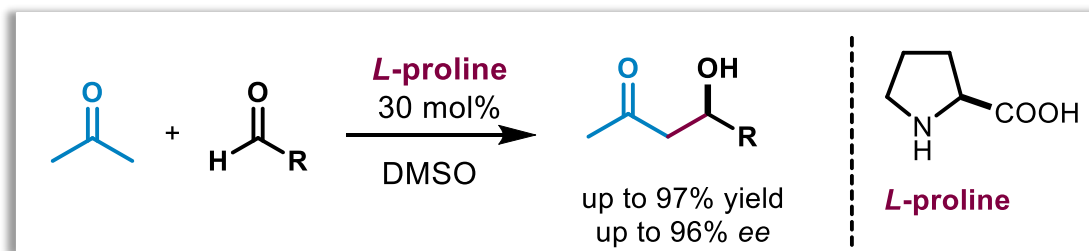
Photochemistry and Excited-State Reactivity

a molecule in the **excited state** is both a better **reductant** and a better **oxidant** than in the ground state

excited-state reactivity unlocks unconventional reaction pathways

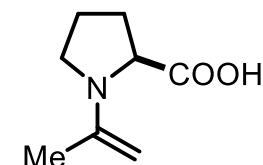


■ Proline-catalyzed intermolecular aldol reaction



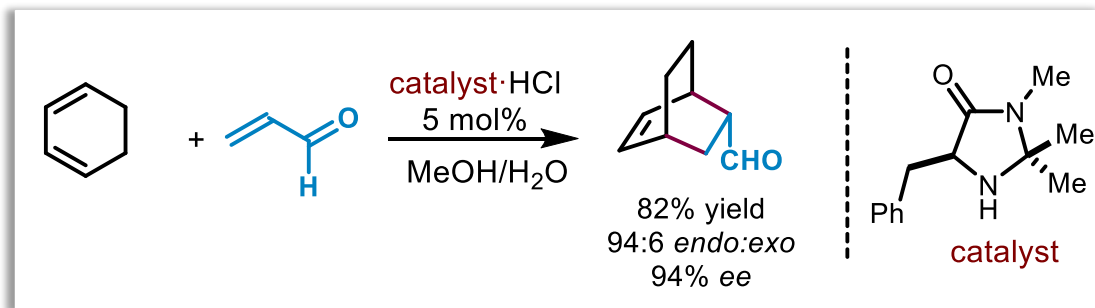
B. List, R.A. Lerner, C. F. Barbas III, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 2395-2396

Enamine Catalysis



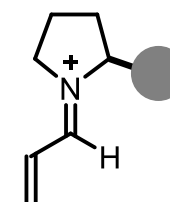
HOMO-Raising
Activation

■ Iminium ion catalyzed asymmetric Diels-Alder of enals



K.A. Ahrendt, C. J. Borths, **D. W. C. MacMillan**, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 4243-4244

Iminium-Ion Catalysis



LUMO-Lowering
Activation



III. Niklas Elmehed © Nobel Prize Outreach.

Benjamin List

Prize share: 1/2



III. Niklas Elmehed © Nobel Prize Outreach.

David W.C. MacMillan

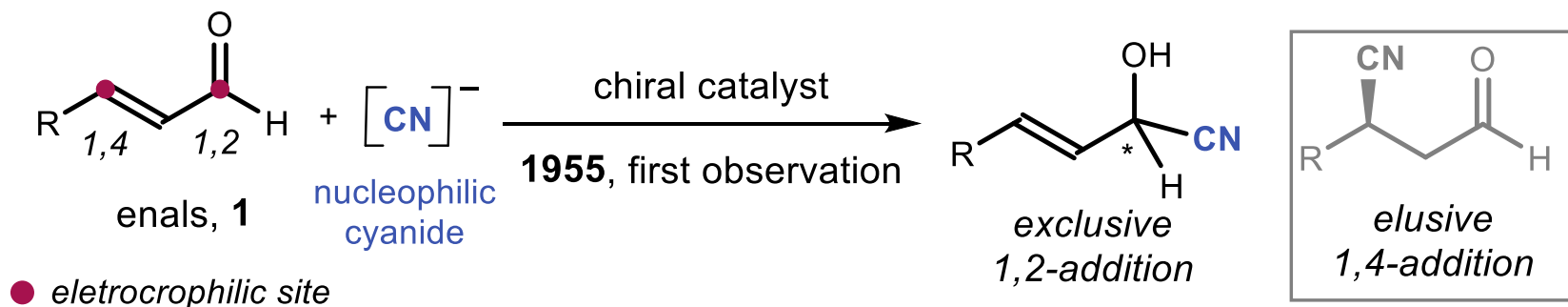
Prize share: 1/2

The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2021 was awarded jointly to Benjamin List and David W.C. MacMillan "for the development of asymmetric organocatalysis."

But when it comes to conjugate cyanation...



conjugate cyanation of enals



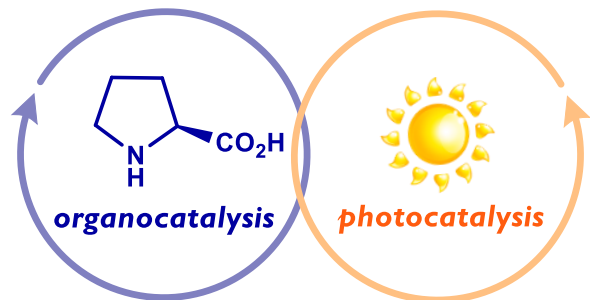
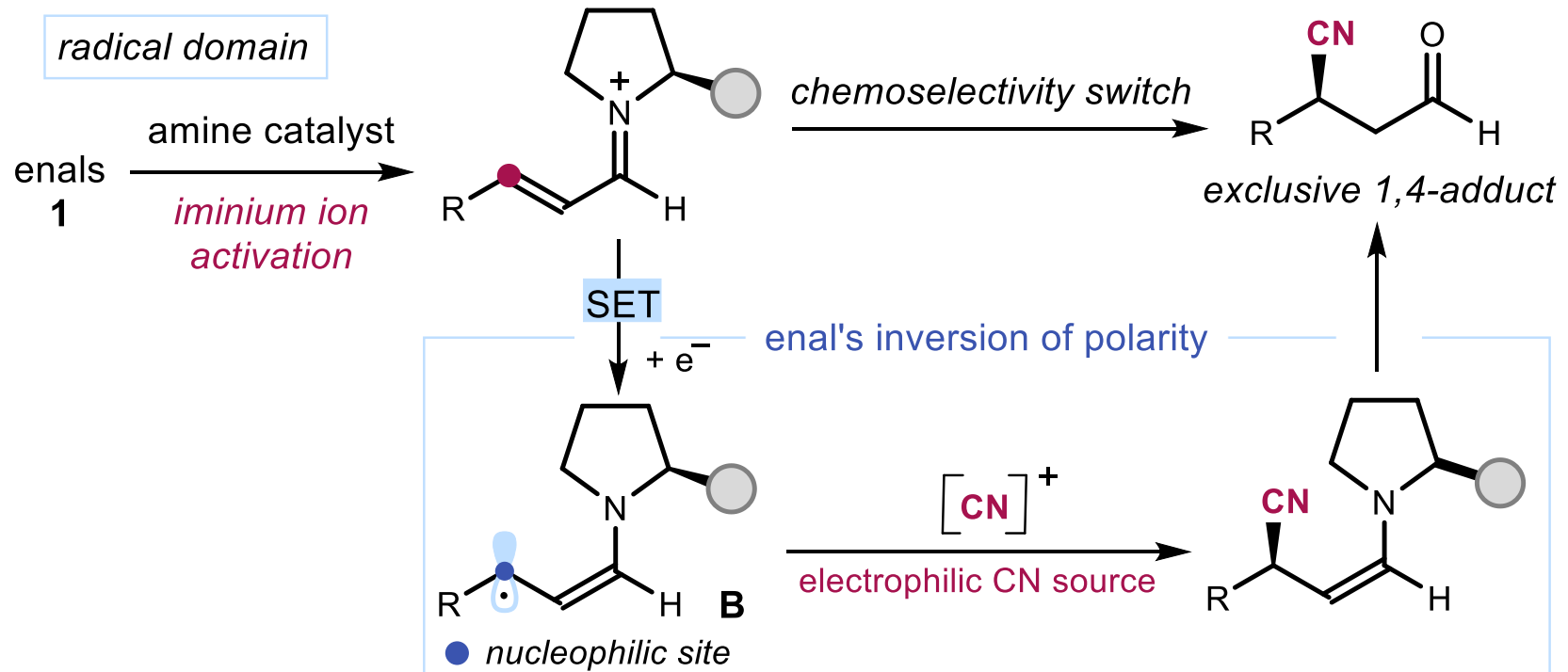
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Prelog, V. & Wilhelm, M. *Helv. Chim. Acta* **37**, 1634–1660 (1954).

iminium ion catalysis could not achieve this target

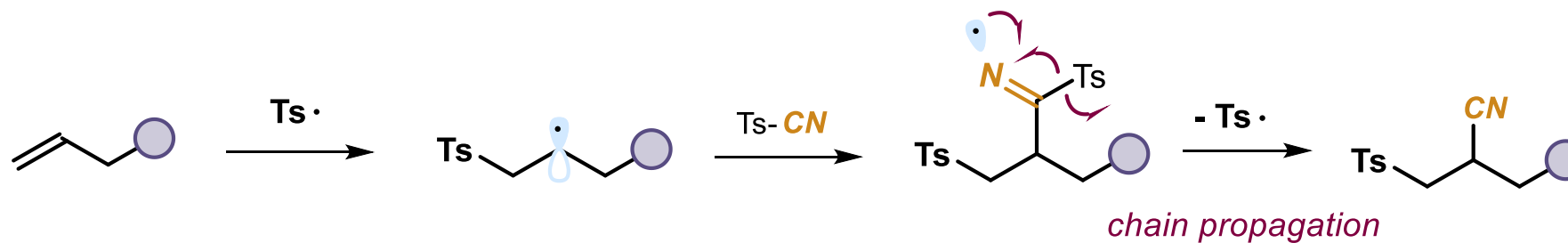
*no example of 1,4 cyanation of enals
even in the racemic regime*

Our Idea..



Asymmetric Conjugate Cyanation

electrophilic CN source



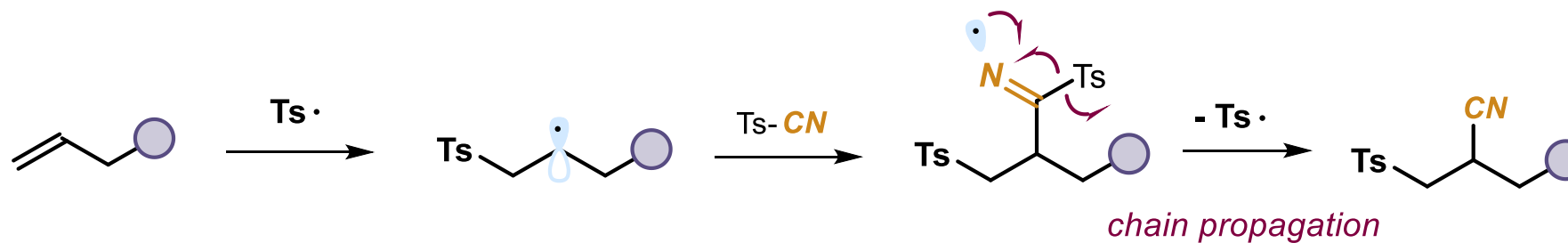
Martin Berger

Barton Cyanation - nitrile transfer to carbon radicals

Radical nitrile transfer with methanesulfonyl cyanide or p-toluenesulfonyl cyanide to carbon radicals
Tetrahedron Lett. **1991**, 32, 3321

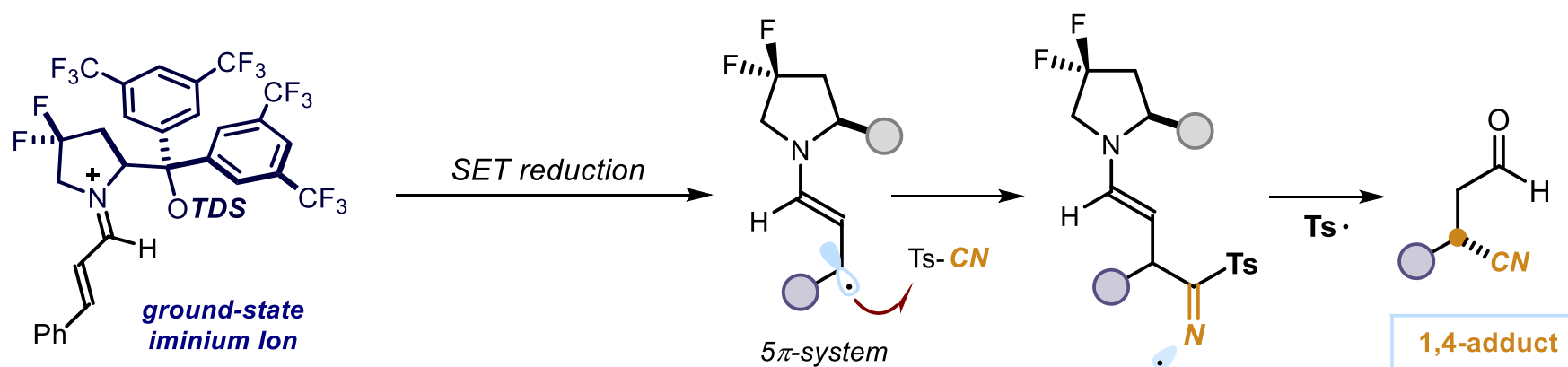
Asymmetric Conjugate Cyanation

electrophilic CN source

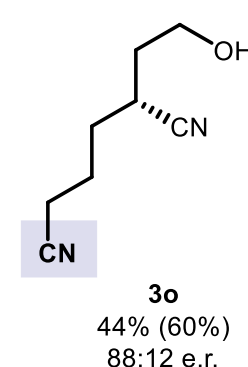
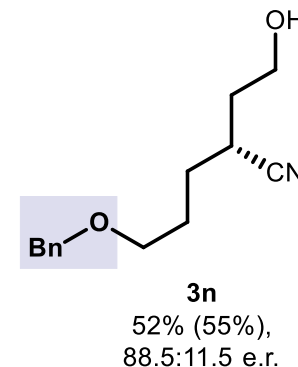
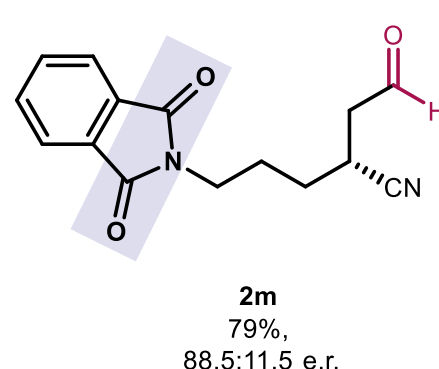
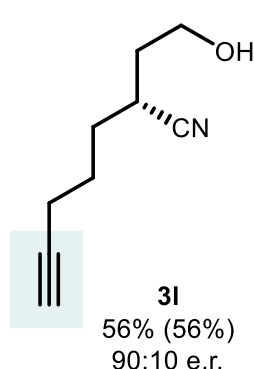
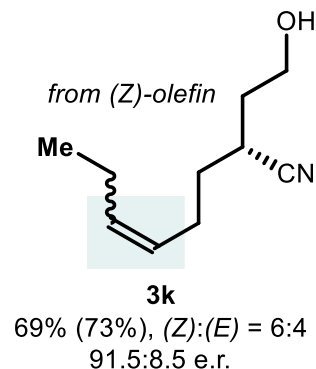
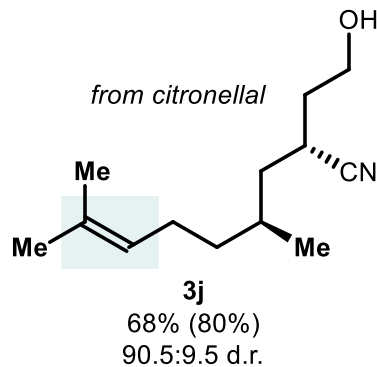
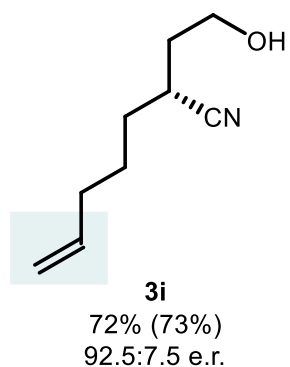
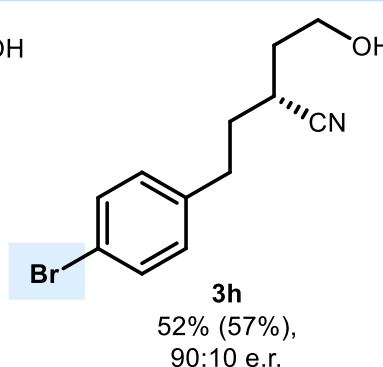
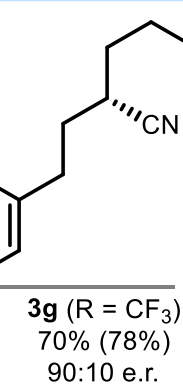
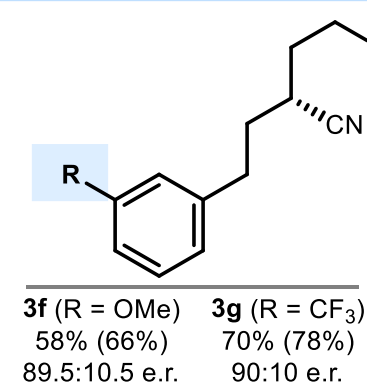
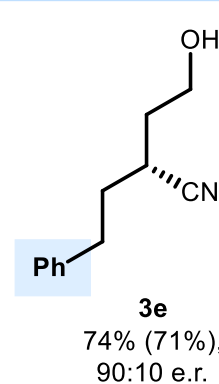
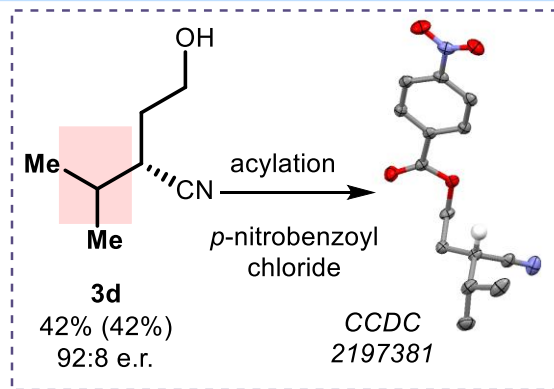
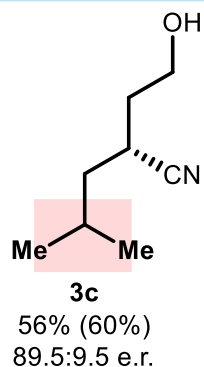
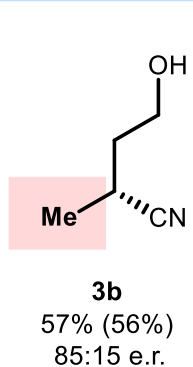
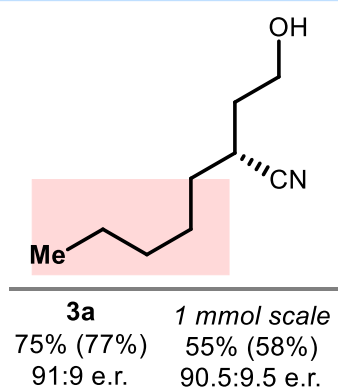
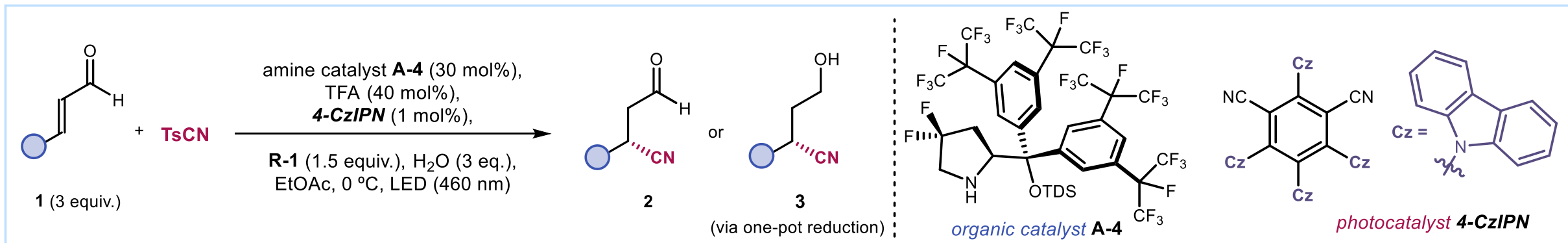


Martin Berger

Barton Cyanation - nitrile transfer to carbon radicals

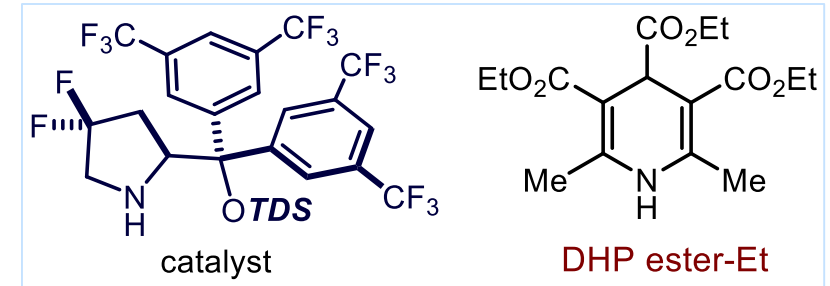
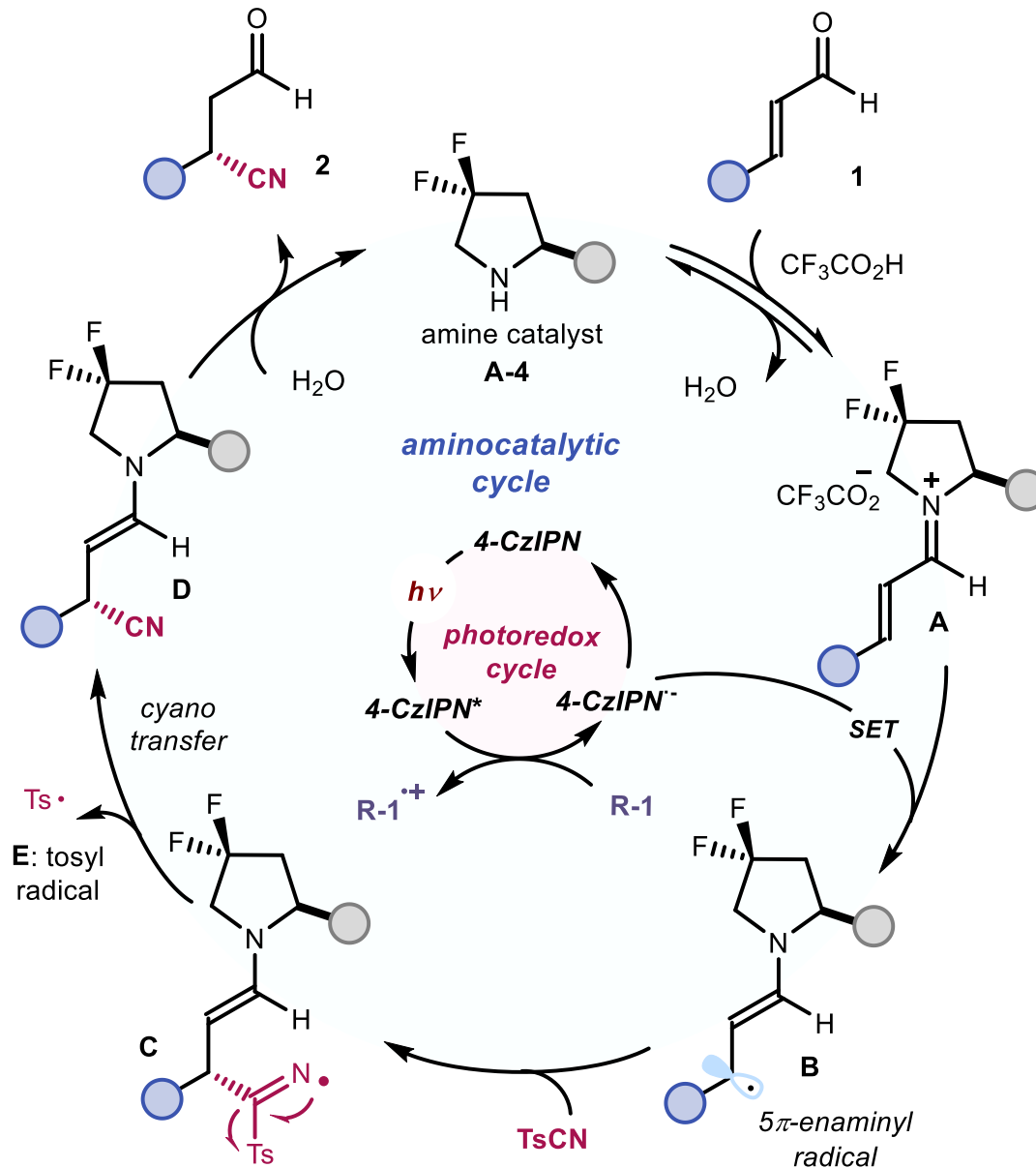


Asymmetric Conjugate Cyanation

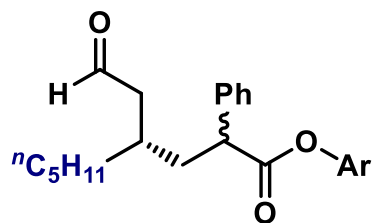
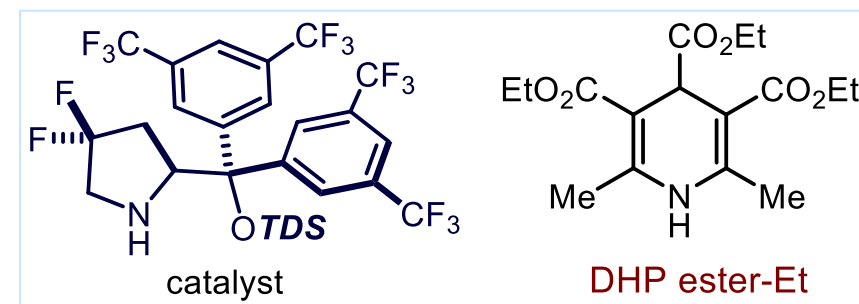
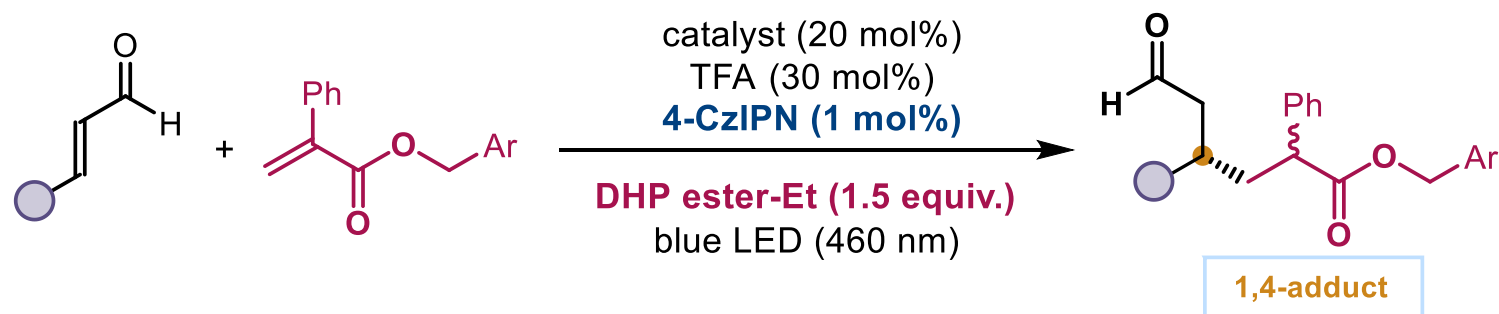


Asymmetric Conjugate Cyanation

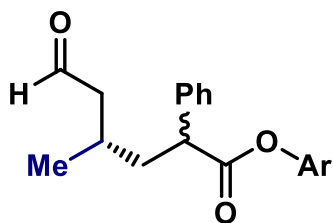
Proposed catalytic cycle



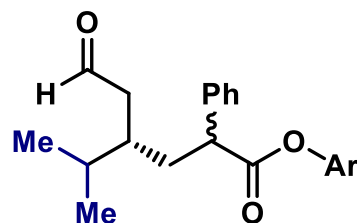
Asymmetric Conjugate β -Alkylation of Enals



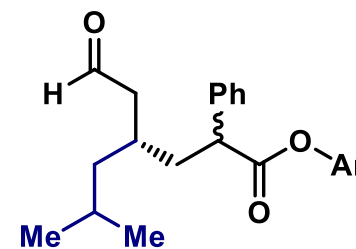
93% yield, 1:1 dr
90% ee, 82% ee



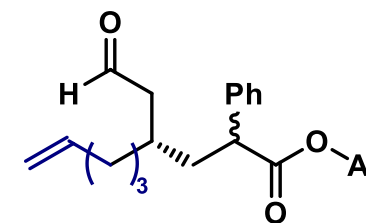
71% yield, 1:1 dr
75% ee, 60% ee



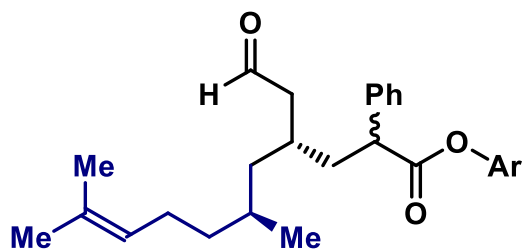
46% yield, 1.1:1 dr
87% ee, 75% ee



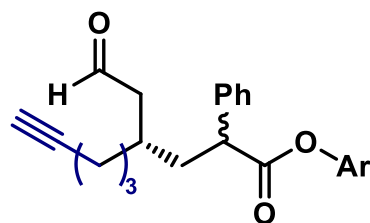
56% yield, 1.1:1 dr
87% ee, 78% ee



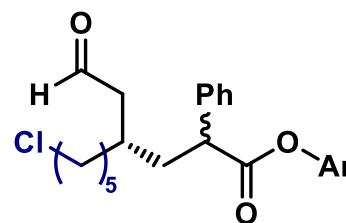
82% yield, 1.2:1 dr
89% ee, 74% ee



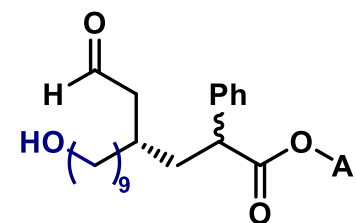
67% yield, 1.6:1 dr
72% ee, 77% ee



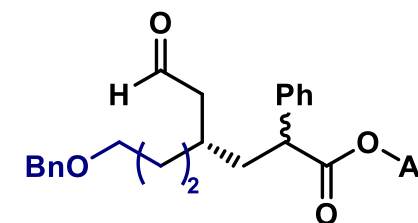
65% yield, 1:1 dr
82% ee, 70% ee



65% yield, 1.1:1 dr
90% ee, 72% ee

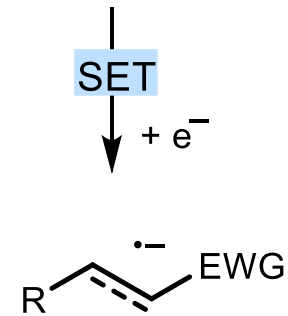
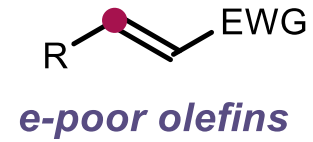
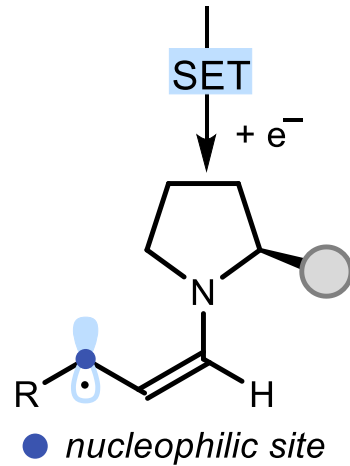
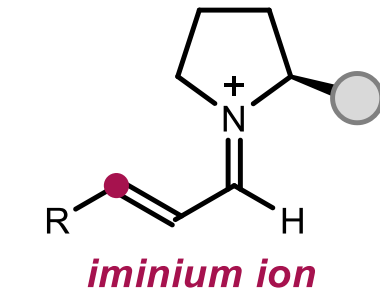


72% yield, 1:1 dr_{85%} ee,
85% ee, 68% ee

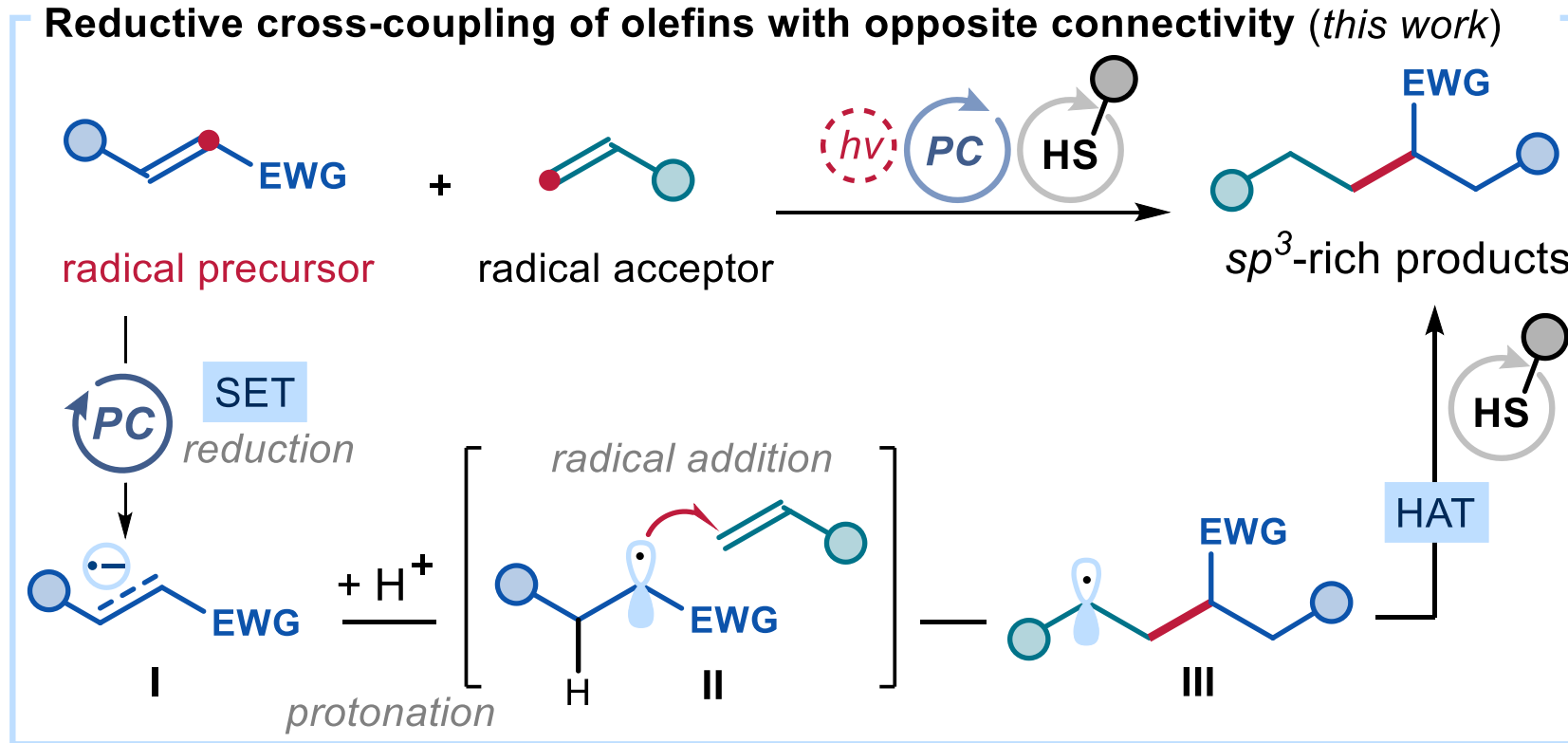


71% yield, 1.1:1 dr
87% ee, 73% ee

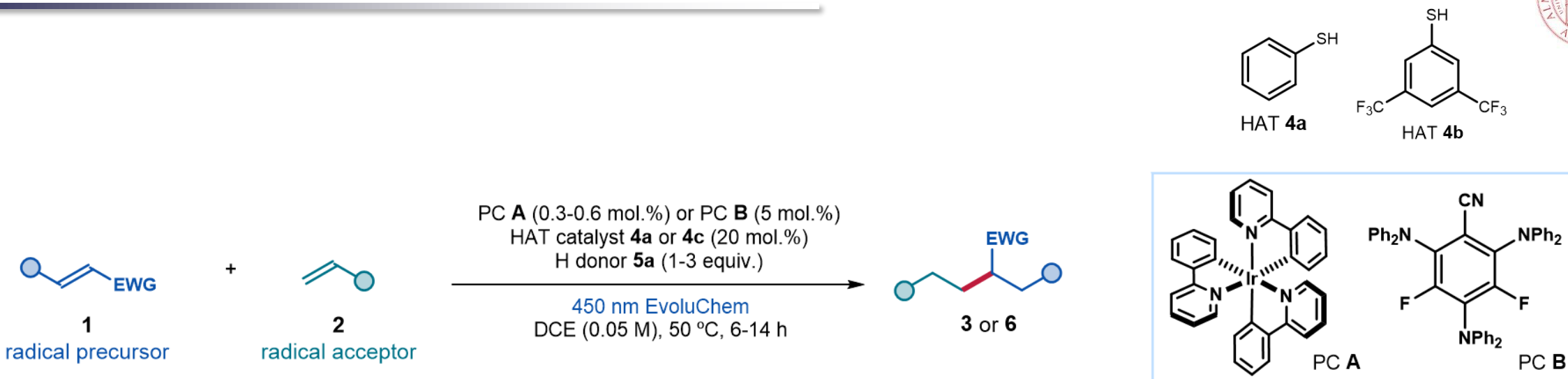
How to further expand the idea of SET activation of electron-poor π -systems



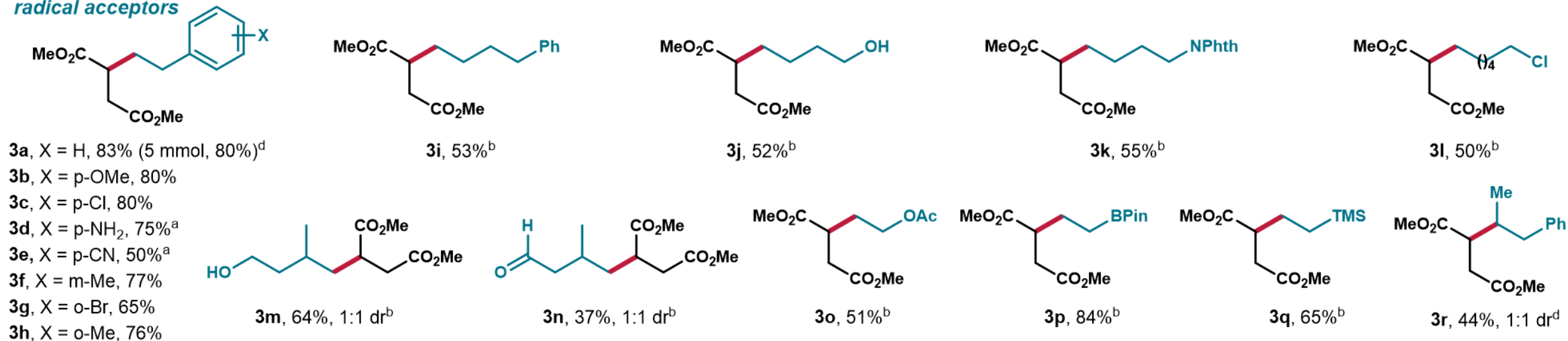
Reductive Cross-Coupling of Olefins



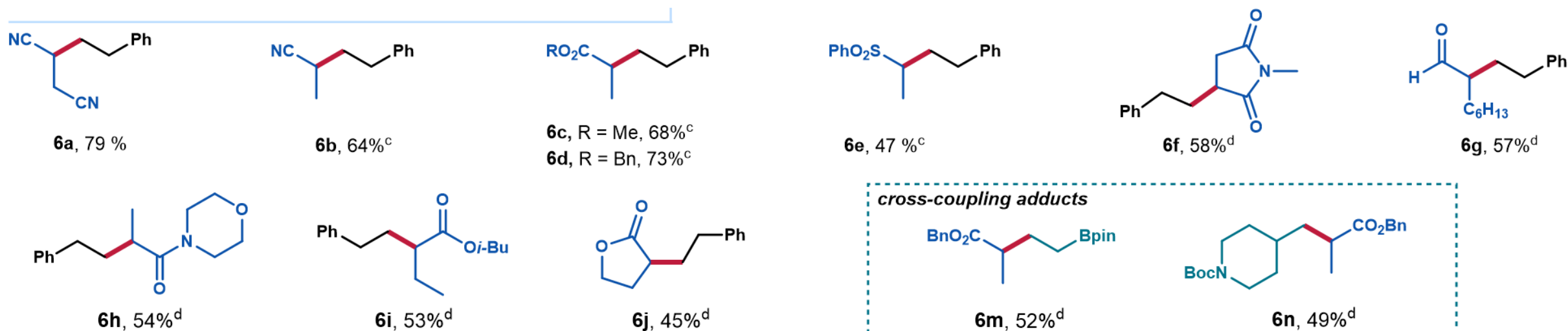
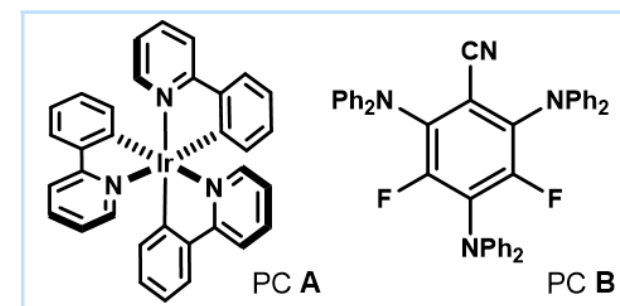
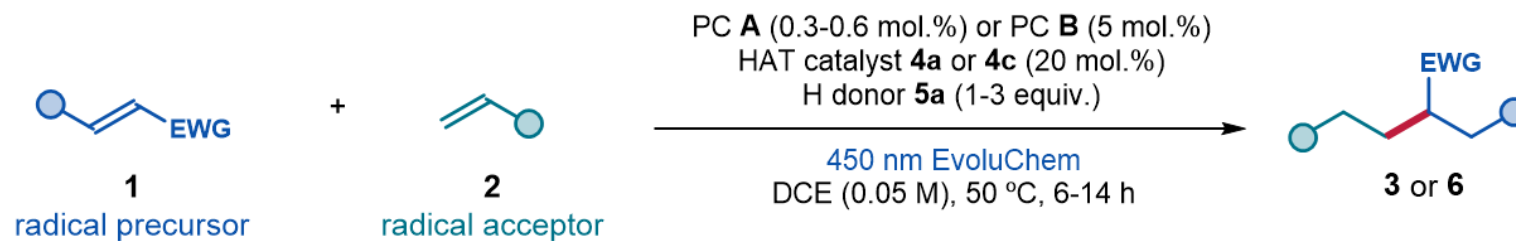
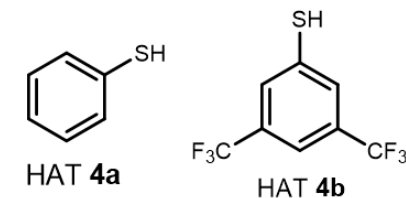
Reductive Cross-Coupling of Olefins



radical acceptors



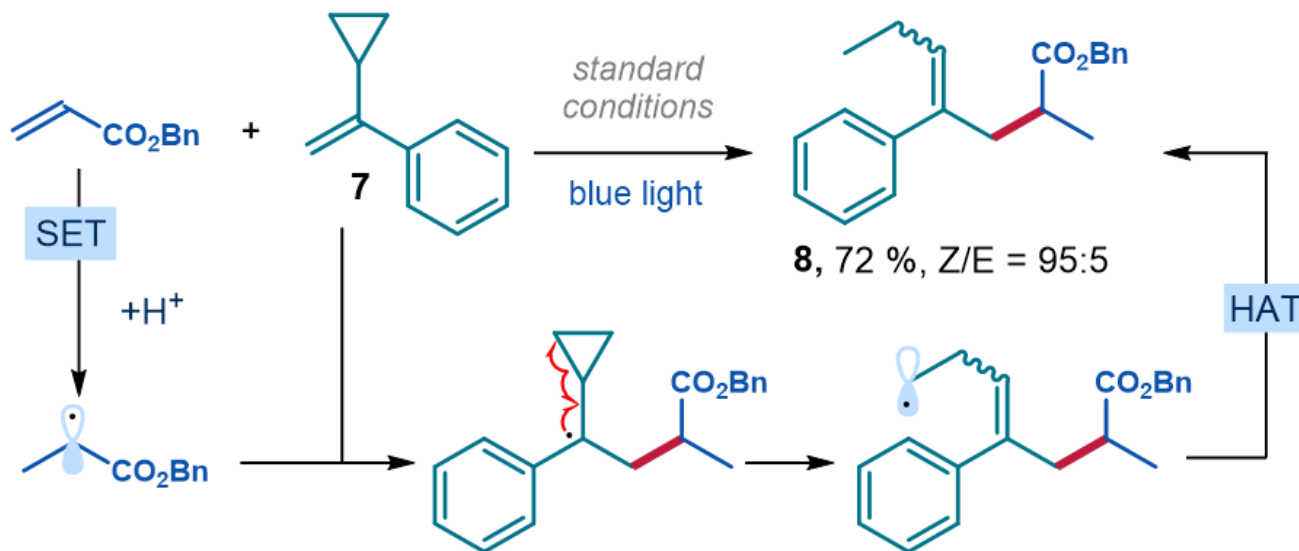
Reductive Cross-Coupling of Olefins



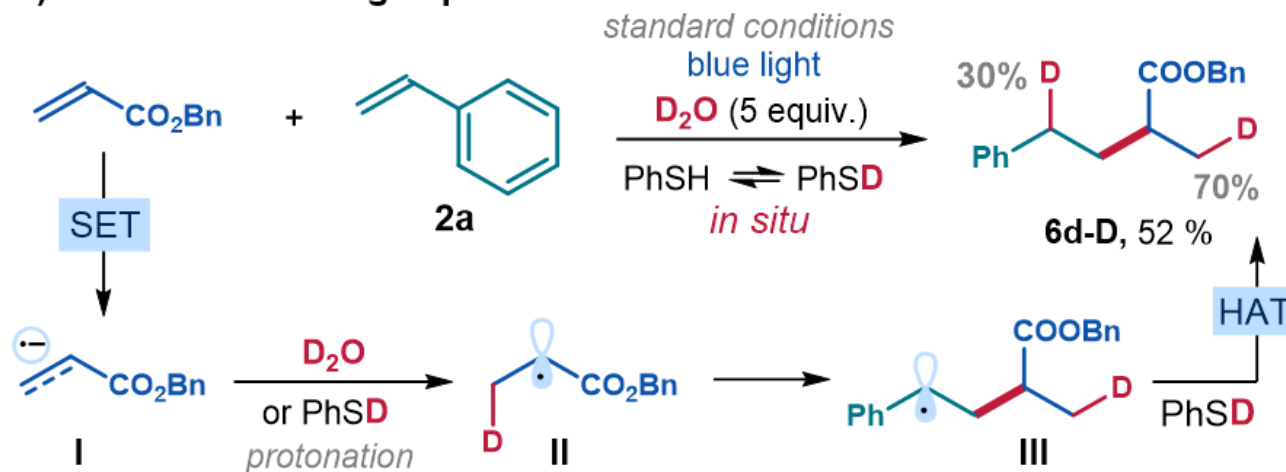
Reductive Cross-Coupling of Olefins



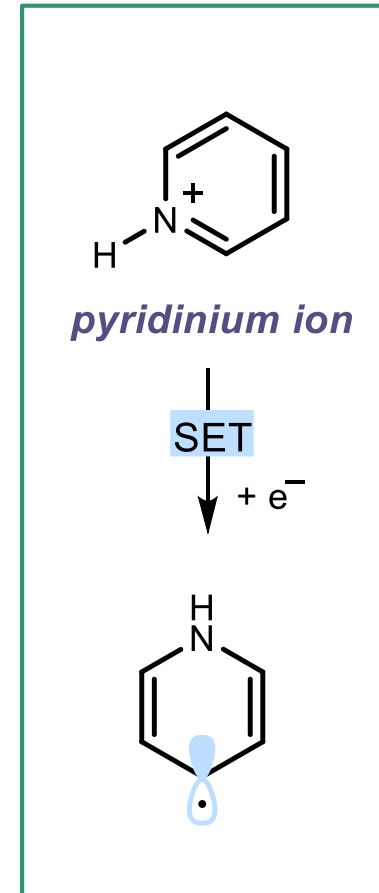
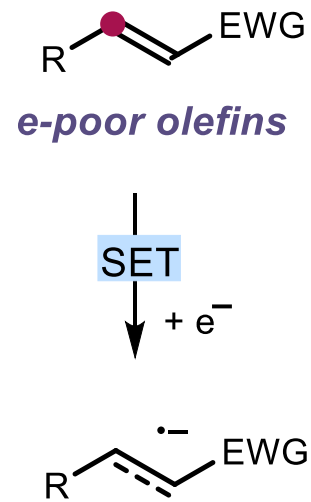
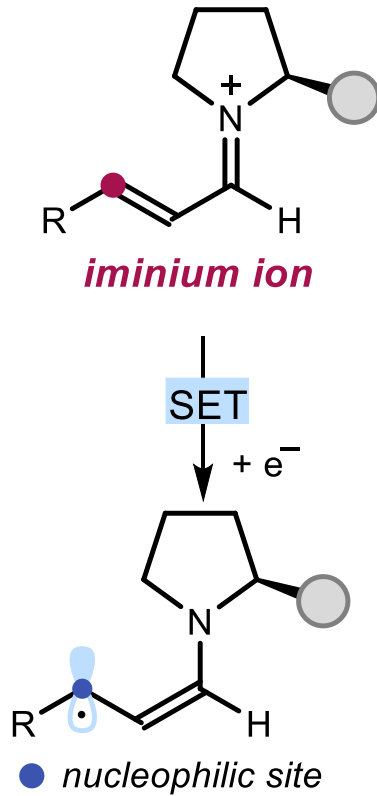
a) Radical clock experiment



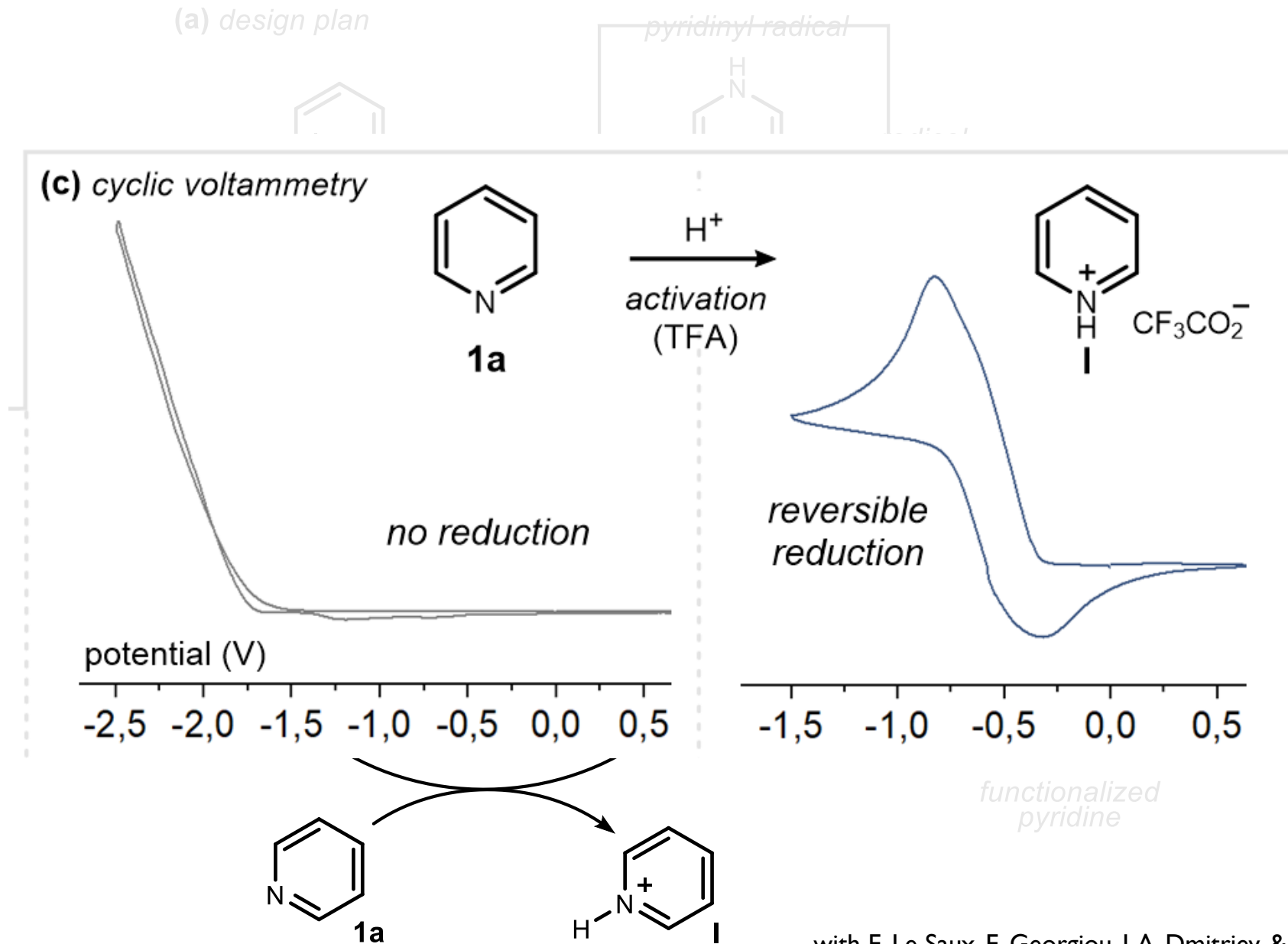
b) Deuterium labeling experiment



How to further expand the idea of SET activation of electron-poor π -systems



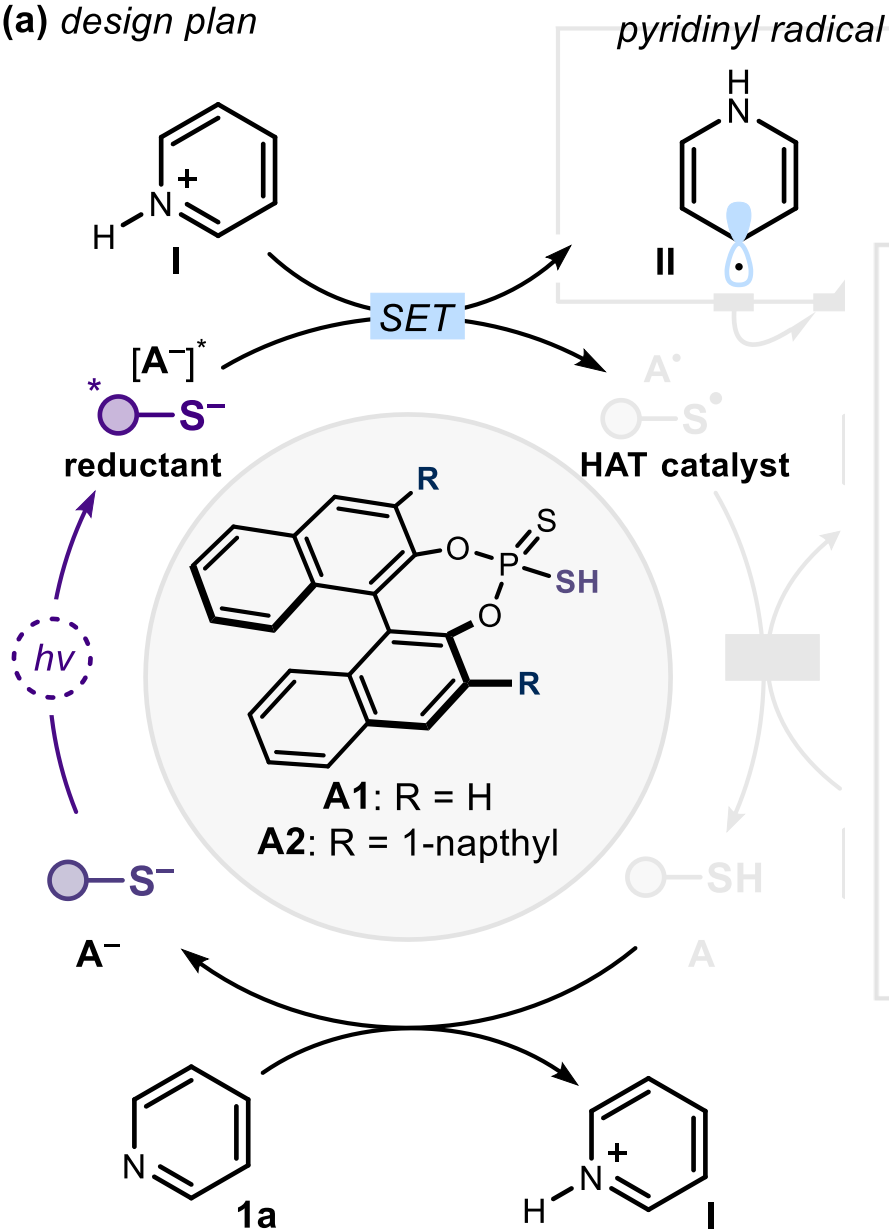
Functionalization of Pyridines via Pyridinyl Radicals



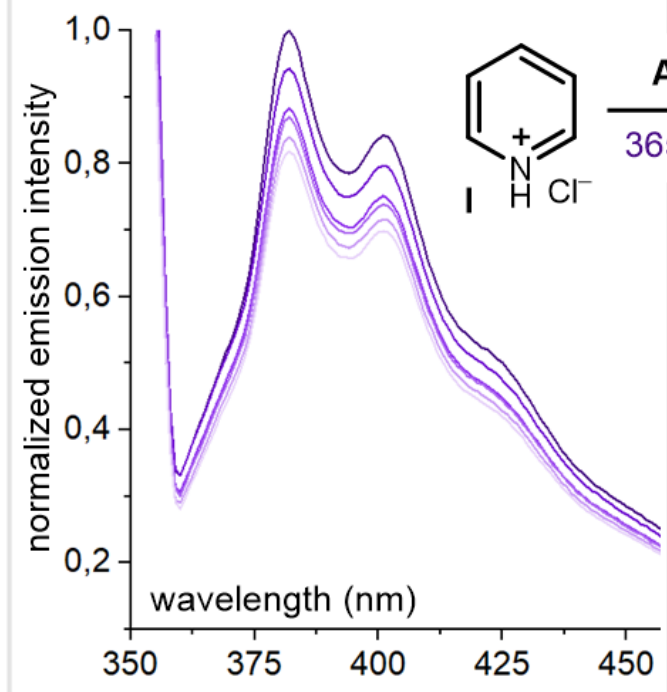
Functionalization of Pyridines via Pyridinyl Radicals



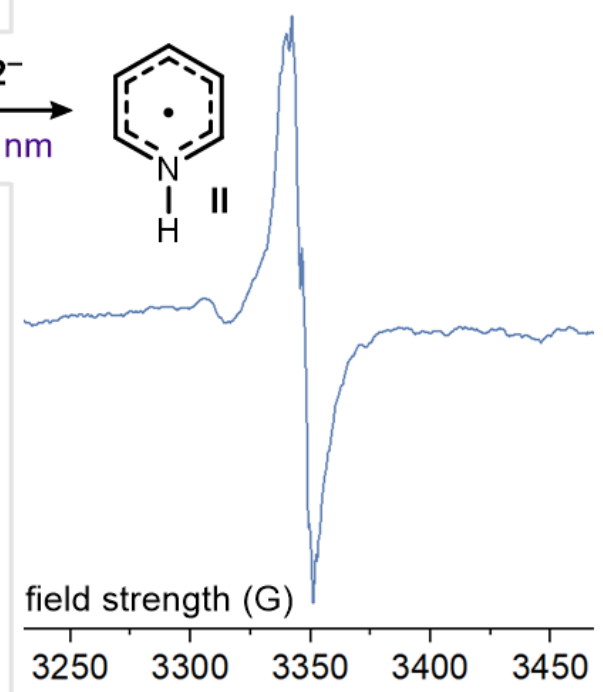
(a) design plan



(e) Stern-Volmer quenching



(f) EPR studies



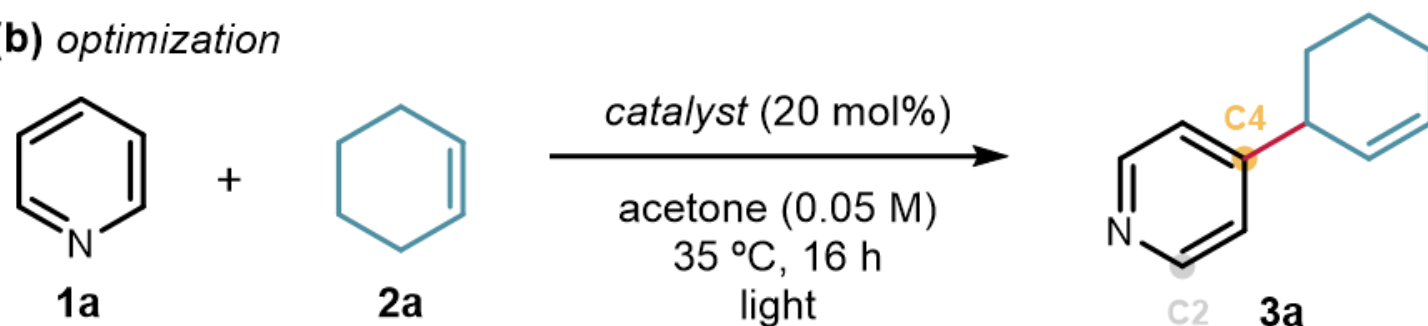
Excitation at 350 nm, Emission at 385 nm

$E(A\bullet/[A^-]^*)$ estimated as **-2.23 V** (vs Ag^+/Ag in CH_3CN)

Functionalization of Pyridines via Pyridinyl Radicals



(b) optimization

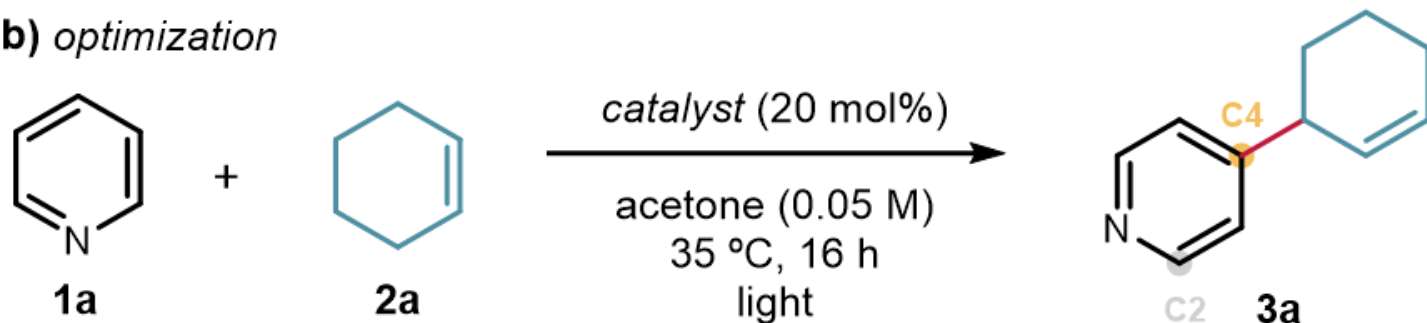


entry	catalyst	light	additive	yield (%)	3a (C4:C2)
1	A1	455 nm	-	n.d.	n.d.
2	A1	365 nm	-	17	8:1
3	A1	365 nm	collidine	41	4:1
4	A2	365 nm	collidine	67 (55)	6:1 (> 20:1)
5	A2	455 nm	Ir-PC (1 mol%)	79 (65)	4:1 (> 20:1)
6 ^a	A2	365 nm	collidine	68 (51)	3:1 (> 20:1)
7	-	365 nm	collidine	n.d.	n.d.
8	A2	-	collidine	n.d.	n.d.

Functionalization of Pyridines via Pyridinyl Radicals

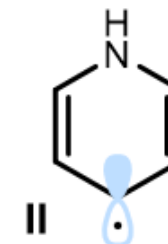


(b) optimization

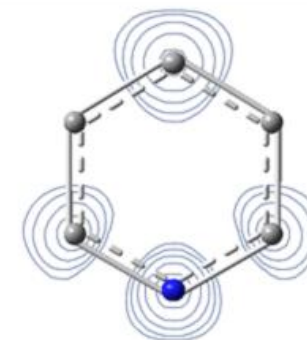
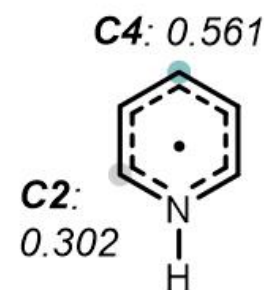


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7	-	365 nm	collidine	n.d.	n.d.
8	A2	-	collidine	n.d.	n.d.

pyridinyl radical



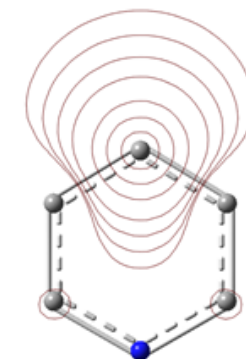
spin density



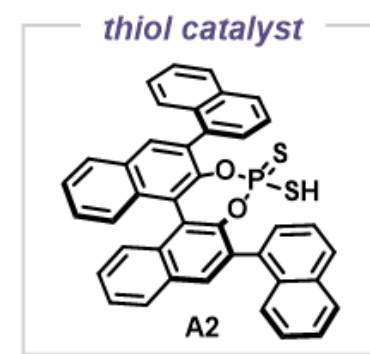
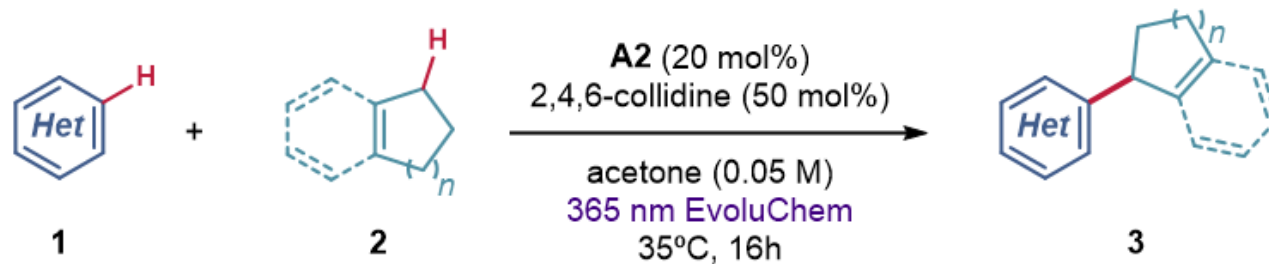
NBO analysis

localization of SOMO

radical at C4

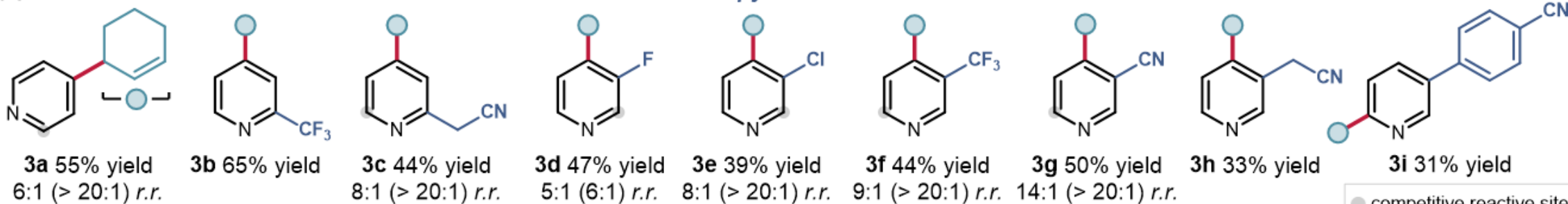


Functionalization of Pyridines via Pyridinyl Radicals



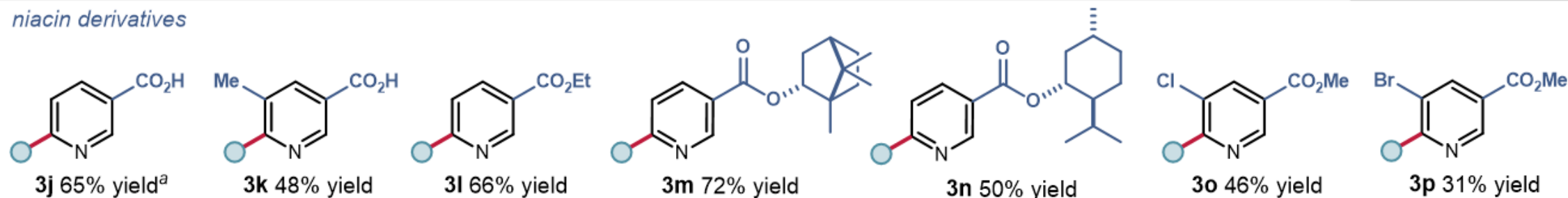
(a)

pyridines

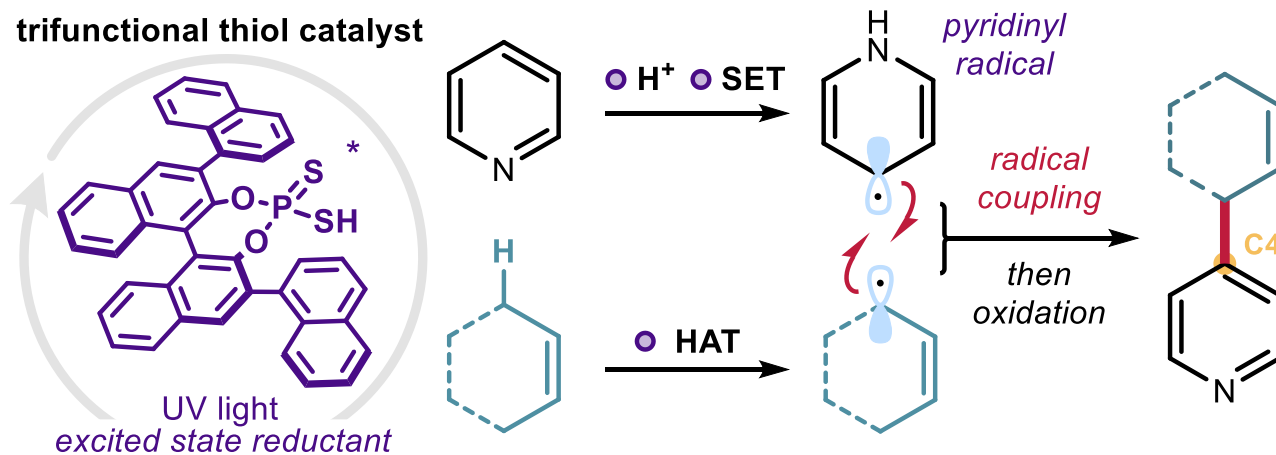


● competitive reactive site

nicotin derivatives



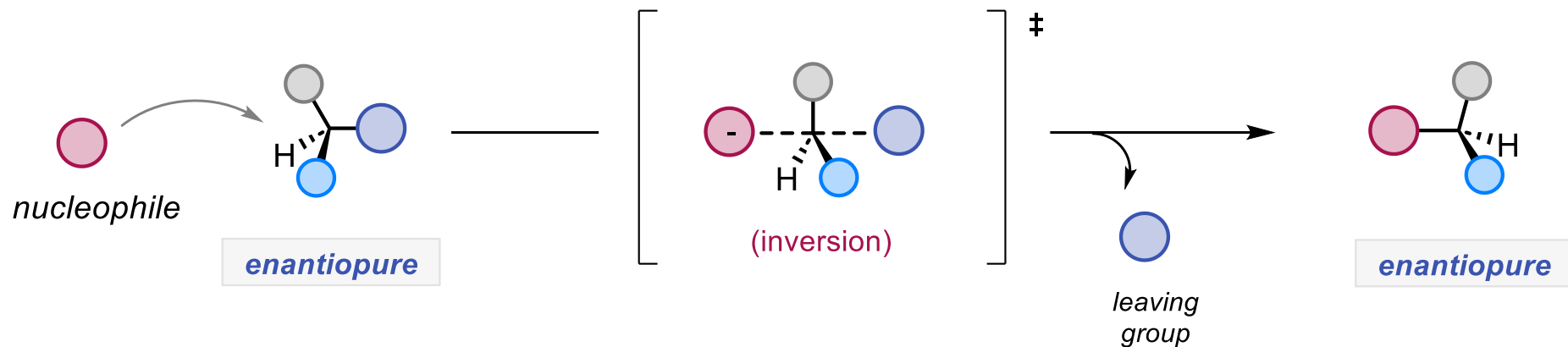
Functionalization of Pyridines via Pyridinyl Radicals



'Classic' approaches: stereospecific reactions



Problem number 2



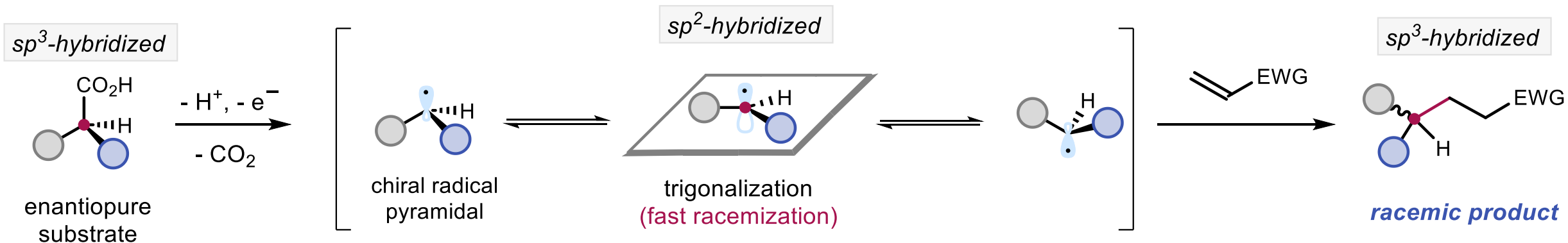
S_N2 processes

Transferring the stereochemical information from chiral substrates into the products

But when it comes to radical chemistry...



Problem number 2



How to transfer stereochemical information when chiral radicals are formed?

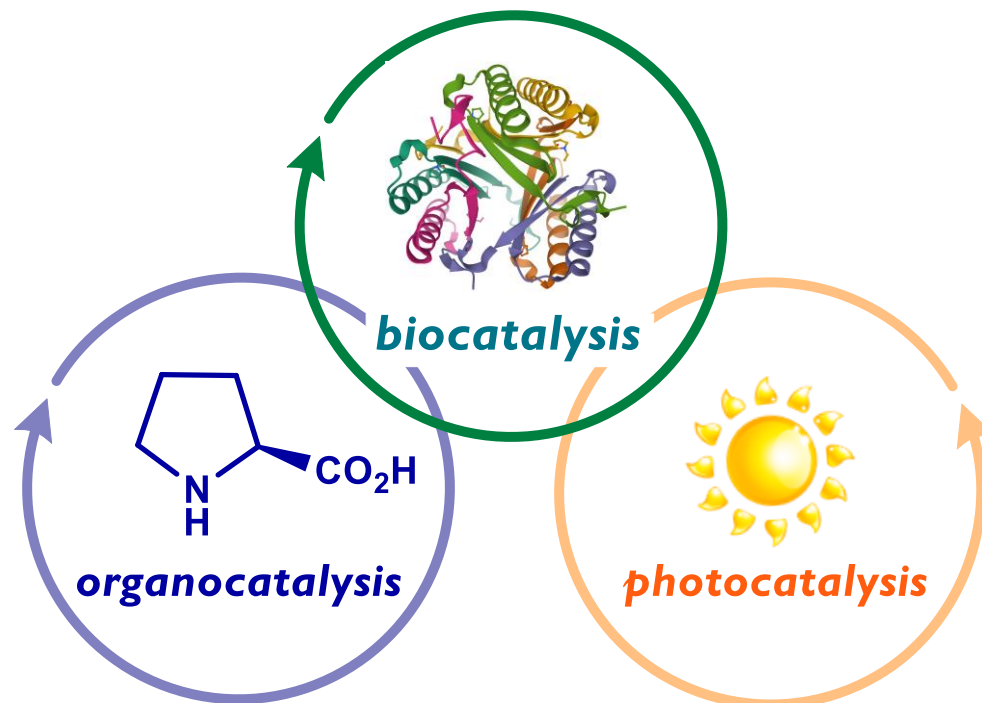
But when it comes to radical chemistry...



Problem number 2

How to transfer stereochemical information when chiral radicals are formed?

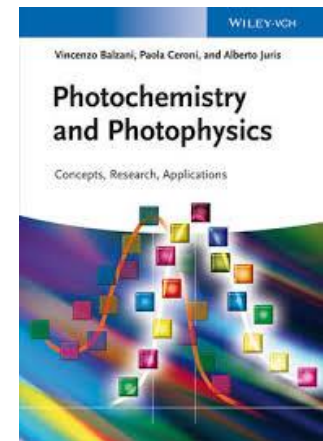
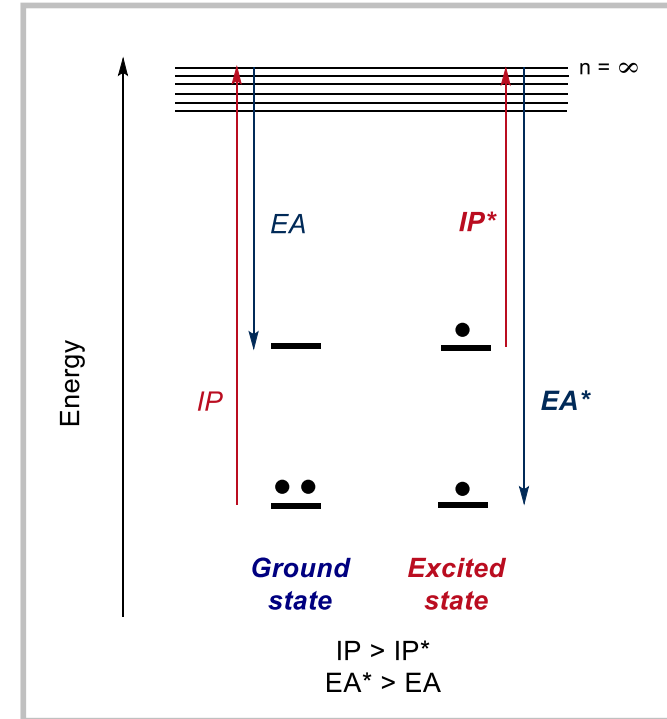
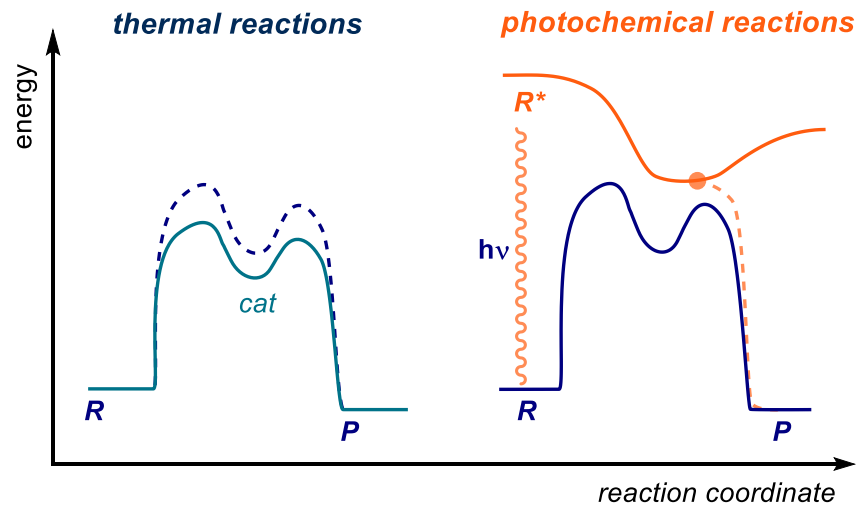
Our approach



Why Photochemistry and Excited-State Reactivity

a molecule in the **excited state** is both a better **reductant** and a better **oxidant** than in the ground state

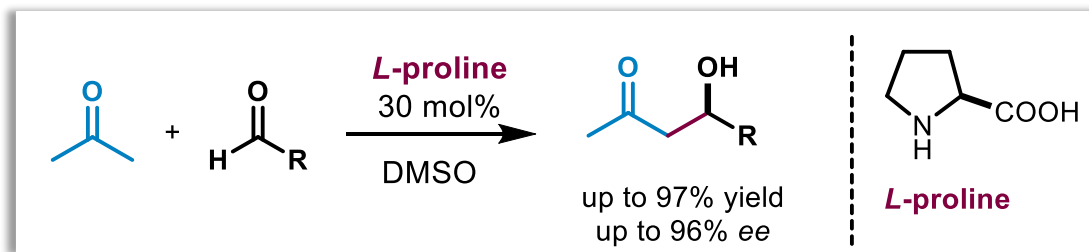
excited-state reactivity unlocks unconventional reaction pathways



And what about Organocatalysis

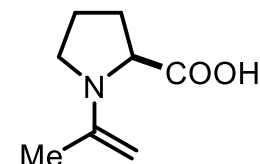


■ Proline-catalyzed intermolecular aldol reaction



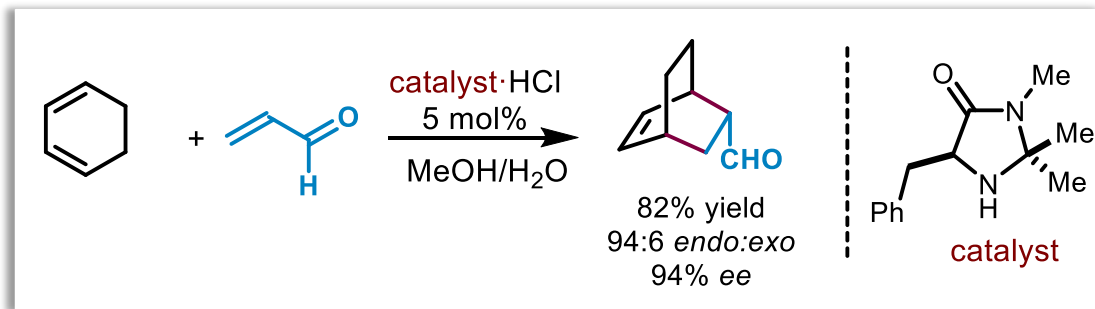
B. List, R.A. Lerner, C. F. Barbas III, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 2395-2396

Enamine Catalysis



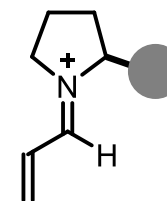
HOMO-Raising
Activation

■ Iminium ion catalyzed asymmetric Diels-Alder of enals

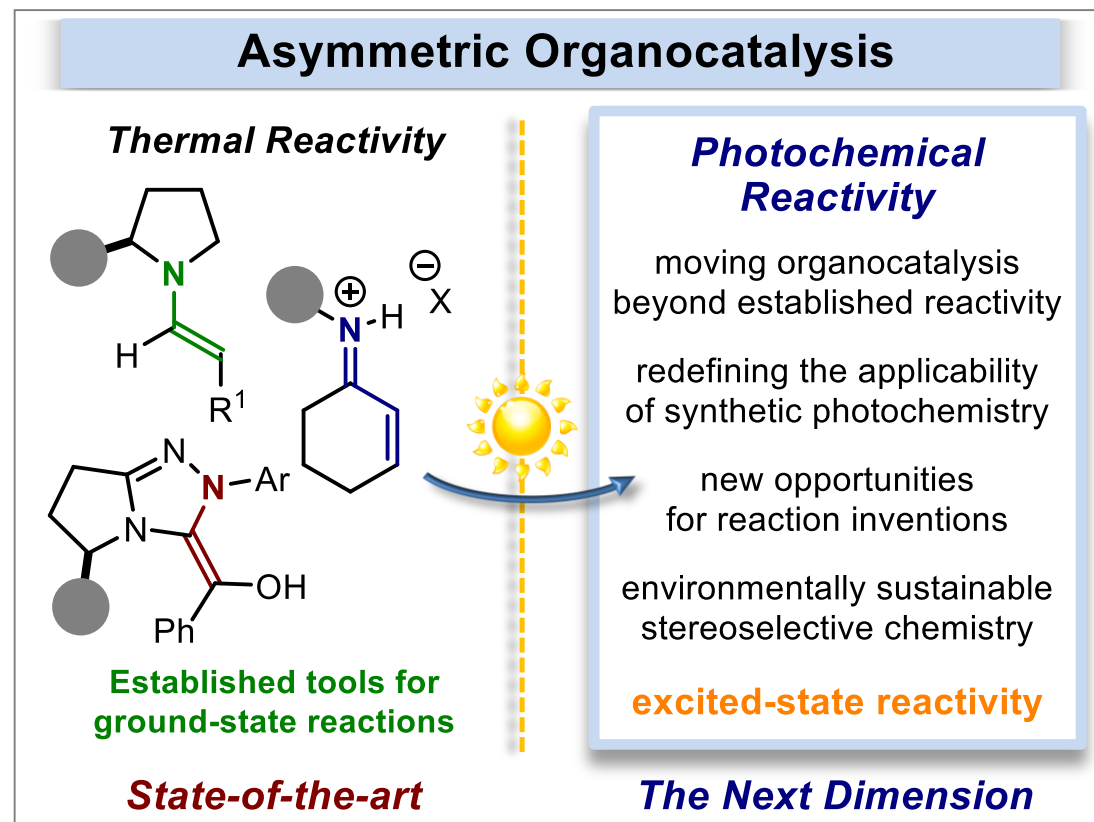


K.A. Ahrendt, C. J. Borths, **D. W. C. MacMillan**, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 4243-4244

Iminium-Ion Catalysis



LUMO-Lowering
Activation



Review

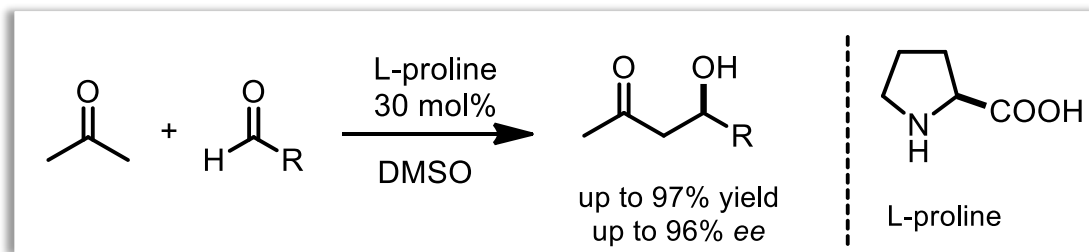
Mattia Silvi & Paolo Melchiorre, "Enhancing the potential of enantioselective organocatalysis with light" *Nature* **554**, 41–49 (2018)

'Following the light of the sun, we left the Old World'
Cristoforo Colombo

Enamines in the Ground State

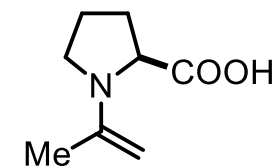


Proline-catalyzed intermolecular aldol reaction



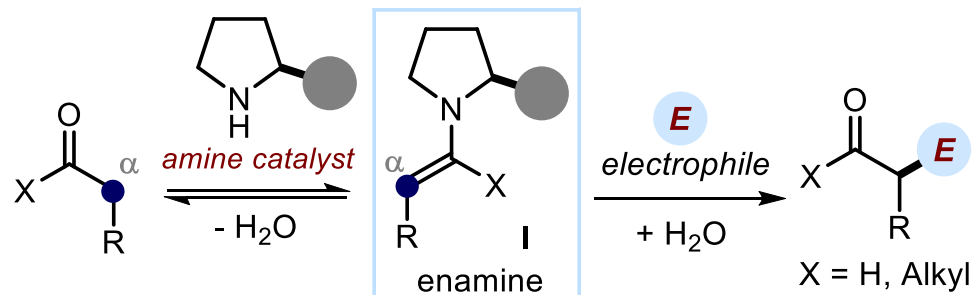
B. List, R.A. Lerner, C. F. Barbas III, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 2395-2396

Enamine Catalysis



HOMO-Raising
Activation

enamine-mediated catalysis

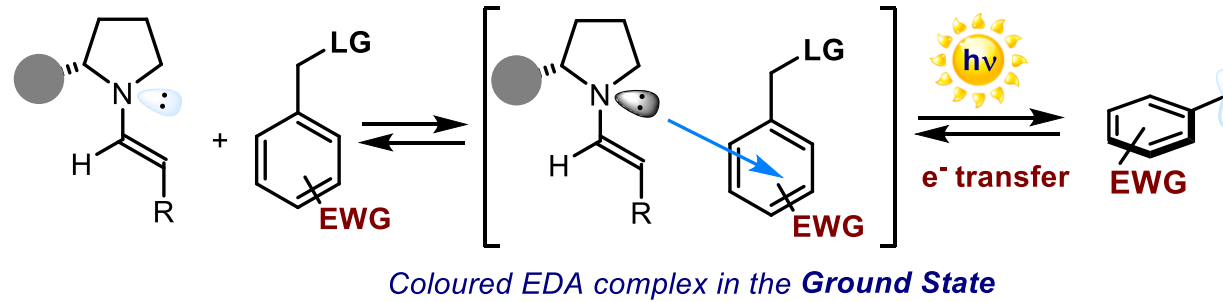


Nucleophilicity of enamines: Gilbert Stork, et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1963**, *85*, 207-222

Electron Donor-Acceptor (EDA) Complex

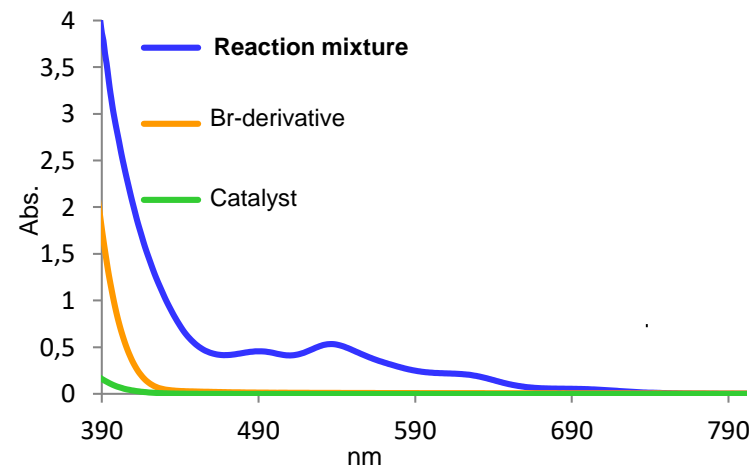
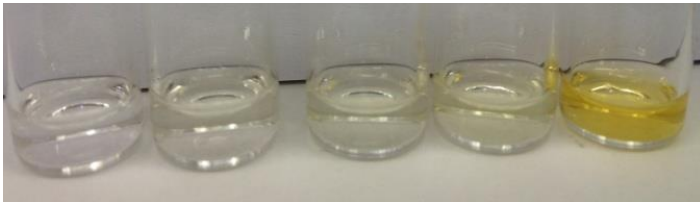


Enamines as Donors in Photo-Active EDA-Complexes in the Ground State



Nature Chemistry, **2013**, 5, 750-756
Chem. Science **2014**, 5, 2438-2442
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2016**, 138, 8019-8030

visual observation



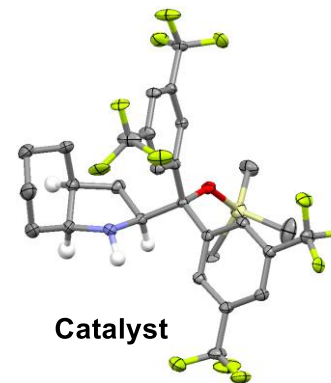
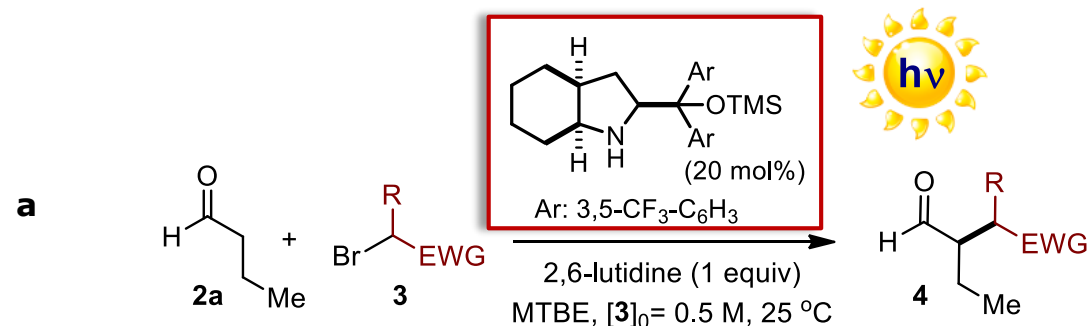
EDA complexes and Charge Transfer theory

R. S. Mulliken, *J. Phys. Chem.* **1952**, 56, 801



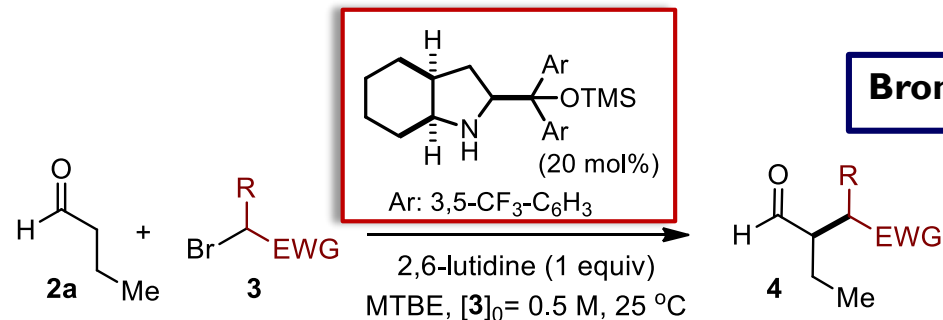
R. S. Mulliken

Photochemical Asymmetric Alkylation of Aldehydes



entry	alkyl-bromide	product	entry	alkyl-bromide	product	entry	alkyl-bromide	product
1		 95% yield, 84% ee	5		 86% yield, 86% ee	9		 65% yield, 84% ee
2		 95% yield, 93% ee	6		 70% yield, 83% ee	10 [†]		 98% yield, 91% ee
3		 70% yield, 86% ee	7		 96% yield, 87% ee	11 [*]		 75% yield, 85% ee
4		 94% yield, 86% ee	8		 92% yield, 87% ee	12 [*]		 77% yield, 90% ee

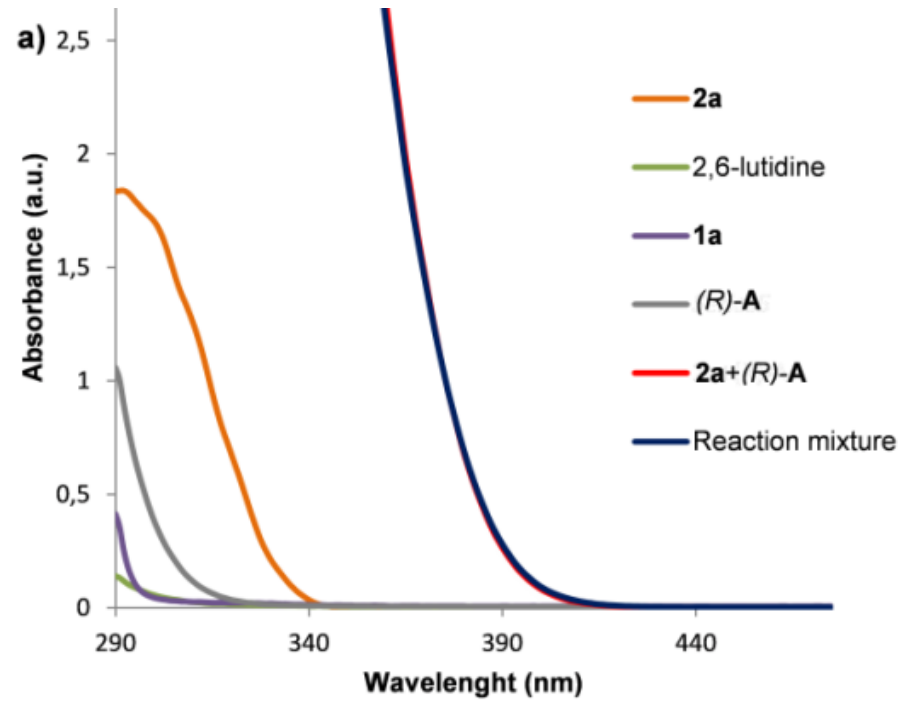
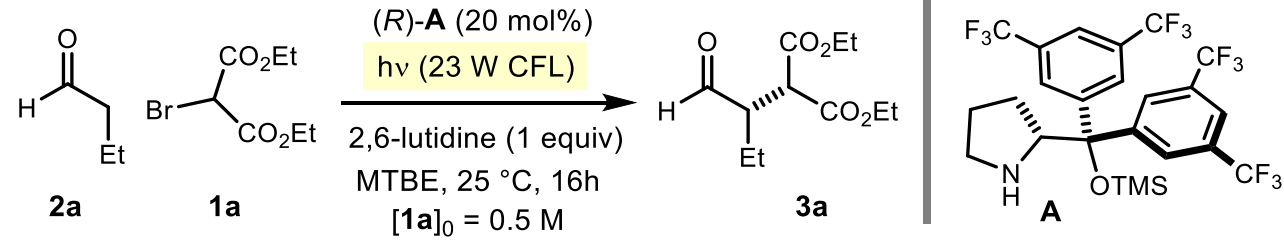
the Bromomalonate Conundrum



Bromo malonates work! how??

entry	alkyl-bromide	product	entry	alkyl-bromide	product	entry	alkyl-bromide	product
1		 95% yield, 84% ee	5		 86% yield, 86% ee	9		 65% yield, 84% ee
2		 95% yield, 93% ee	6		 70% yield, 83% ee	10*†		 98% yield, 91% ee
3		 70% yield, 86% ee	7		 96% yield, 87% ee	11*		 75% yield, 85% ee
4		 94% yield, 86% ee	8		 92% yield, 87% ee	12*		 77% yield, 90% ee

Asymmetric Photochemical Alkylation

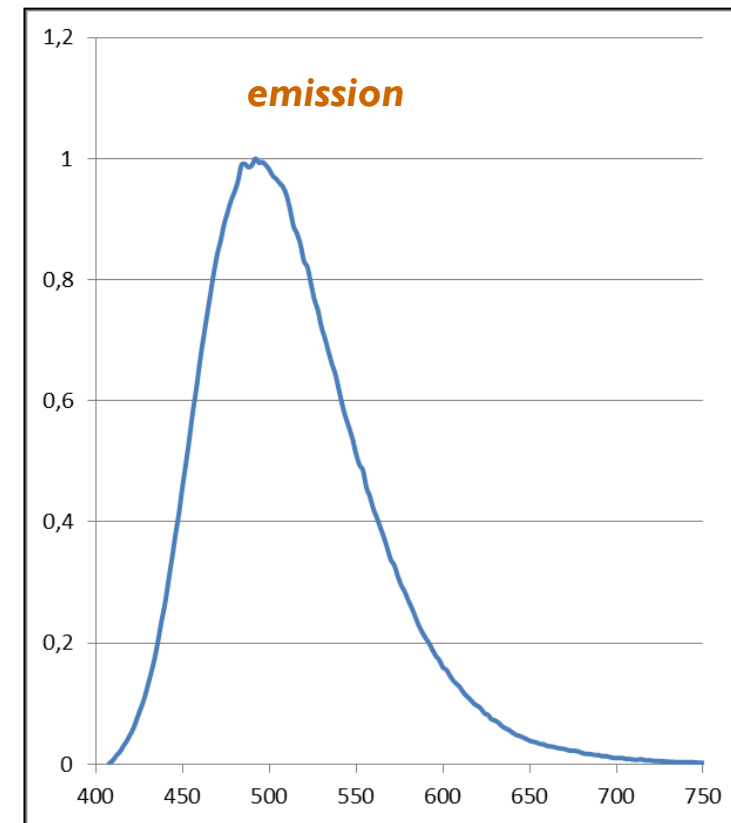
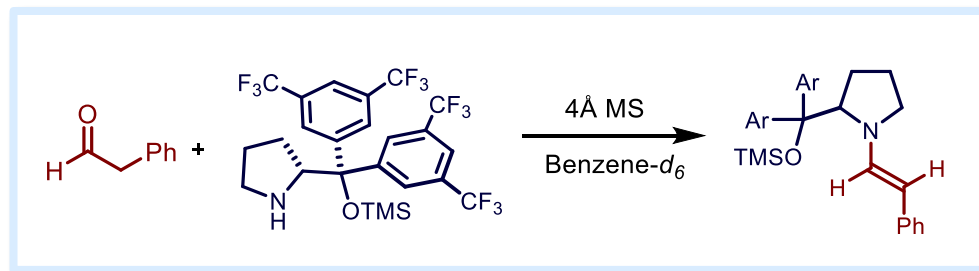
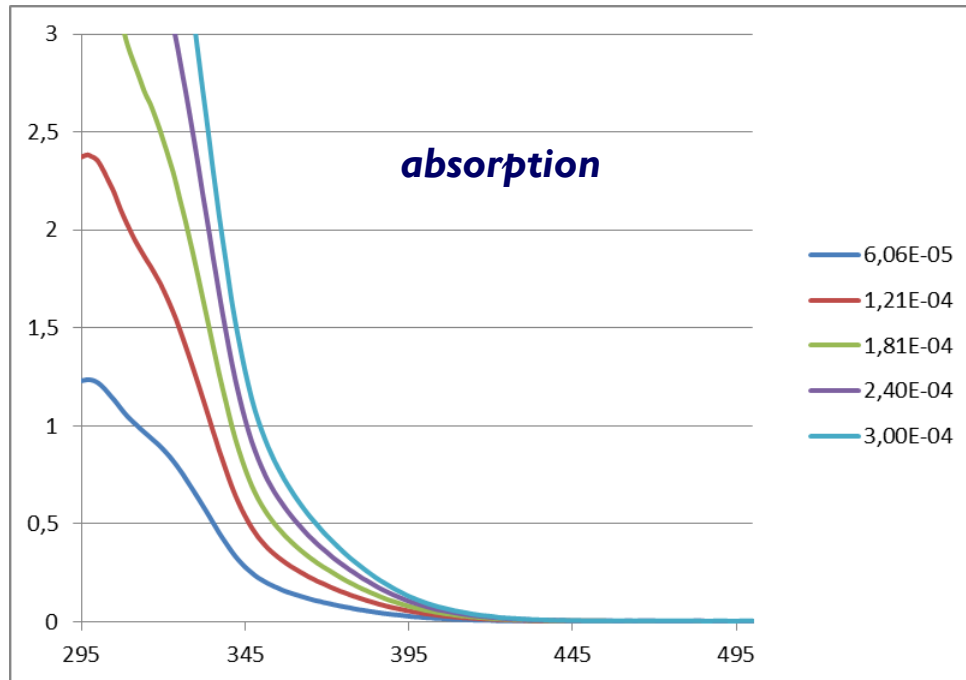


the enamine weakly absorbs visible light

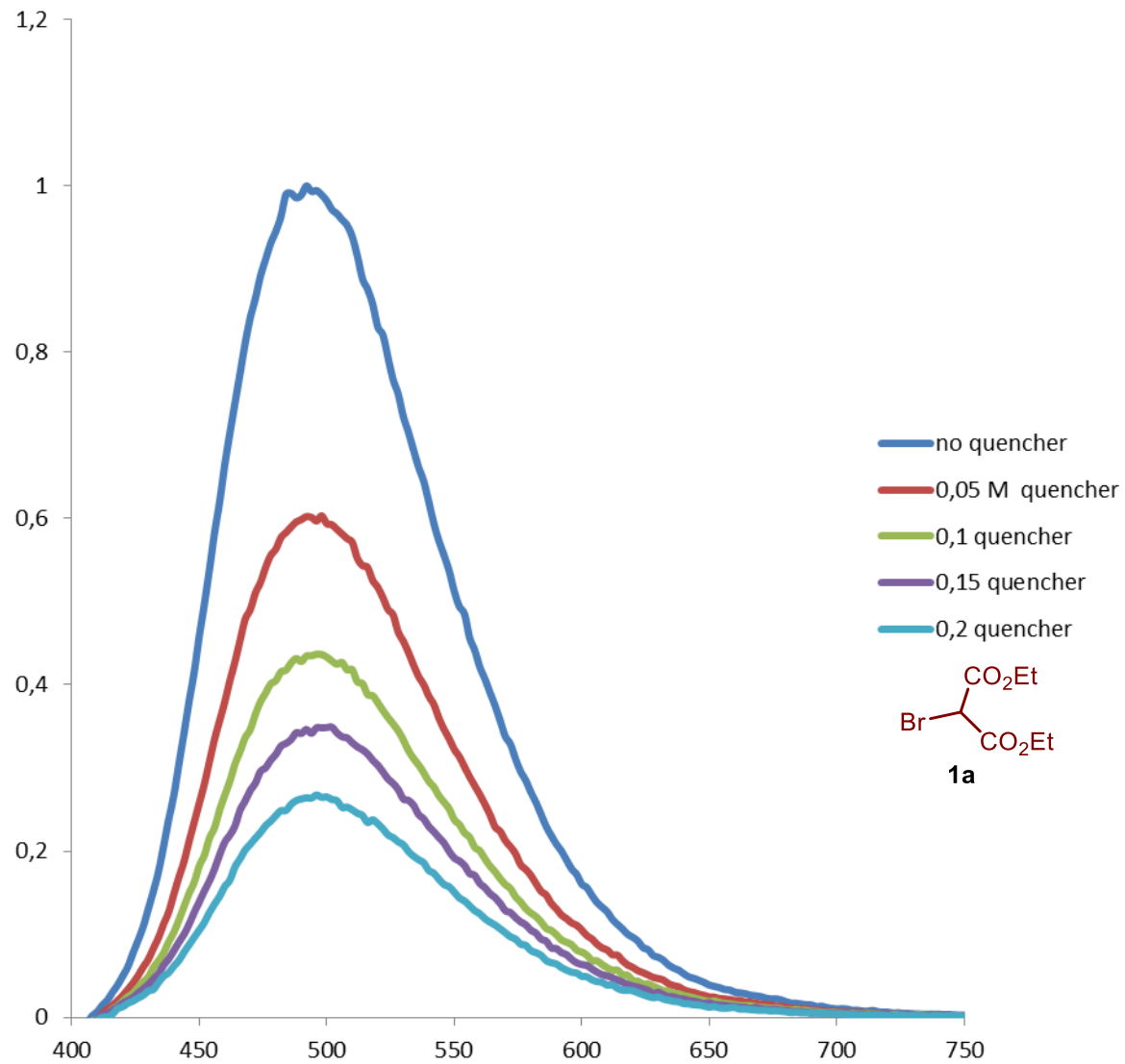
Direct Excitation of Enamines



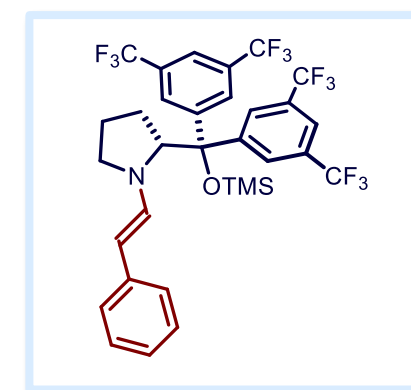
Mattia Silvi



Direct Excitation of Enamines



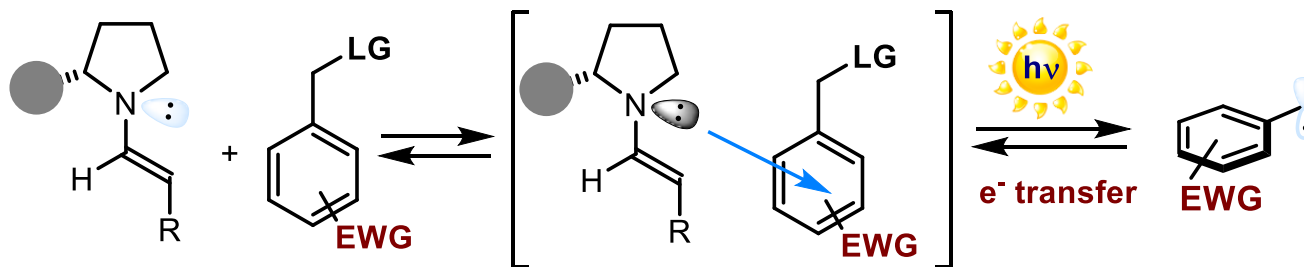
Mattia Silvi



Stern-Volmer quenching studies

Excited-state reactivity of chiral enamines

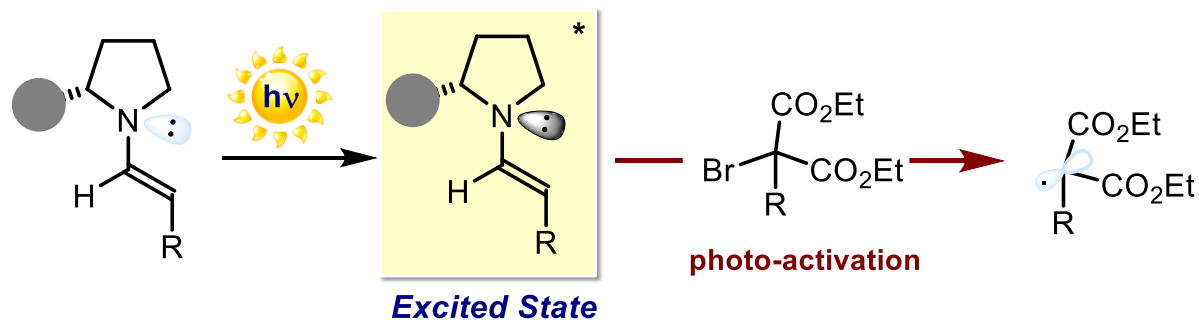
Enamines as Donors in Photo-Active EDA-Complexes in the Ground State



Coloured EDA complex in the **Ground State**

Nature Chemistry, **2013**, 5, 750-756
Chem. Sci. **2014**, 5, 2438-2442
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2016**, 138, 8019-8030

Photochemistry of Enamines in the Excited State

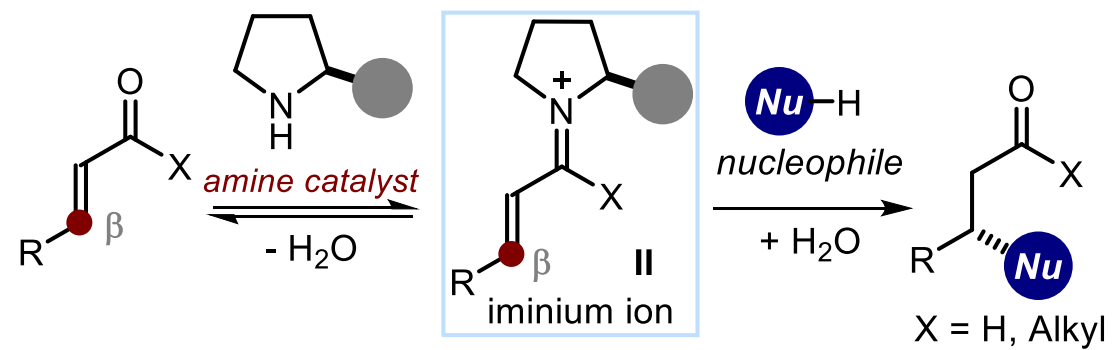


J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2015**, 137, 6120
Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2017**, 56, 4447-4451

Review

Mattia Silvi & Paolo Melchiorre, "Enhancing the potential of enantioselective organocatalysis with light" *Nature* **554**, 41–49 (2018)

iminium ion-mediated catalysis

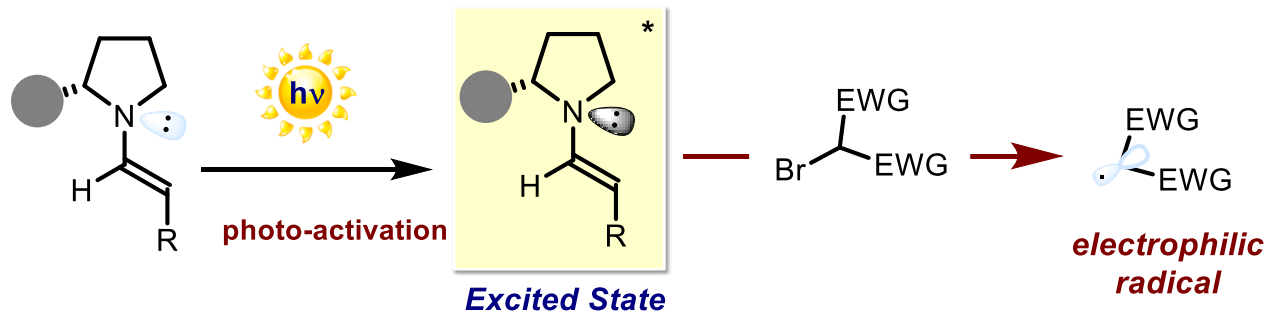


Asymmetric iminium ion-mediated catalysis:

K.A.Ahrendt, C.J. Borths, D.W. C. MacMillan, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2000**, *122*, 4243-4244

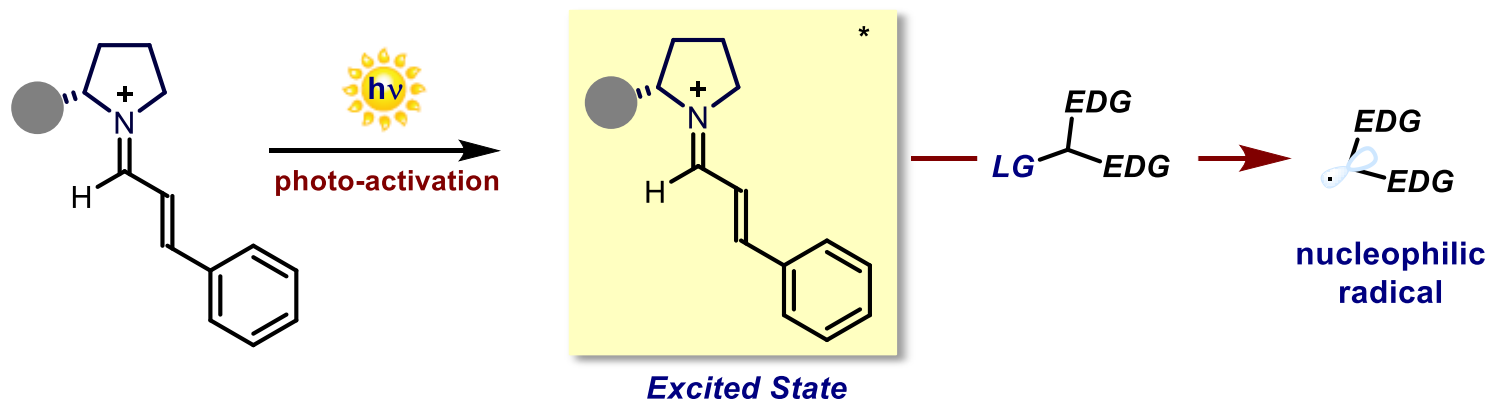
Photochemistry of *Enamines* in the Excited State

Strong reductant

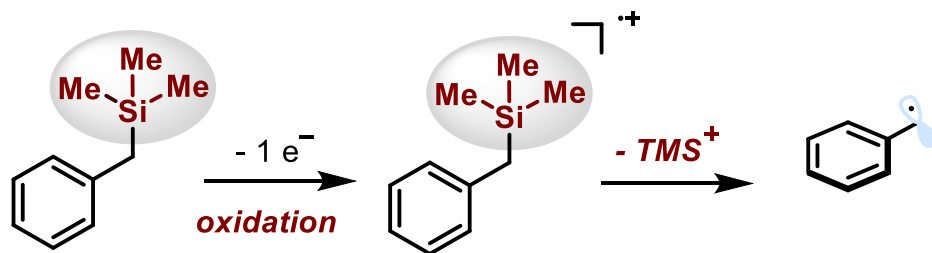


Photochemistry of *Iminium Ions* in the Excited State

Strong oxidant?



Nature Chem. **2017**, 9, 868
 Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2018**, 57, 1068
 Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2018**, 57, 12819
 J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2018**, 140, 8439
 Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. **2021**, 60, 5357



SILANE

- ✓ Low reduction potentials ($E_{\text{ox}} = +1.4 - 1.7\text{V}$)
- ✓ Can easily fragment releasing free radicals
- ✓ Cheap, easy to synthesize, low toxicity

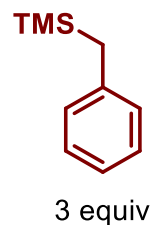
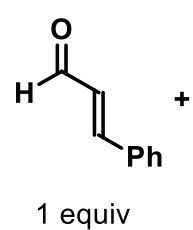
For a pertinent precedent, see:

Ohga, K.; Mariano, P. S. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1982**, *104*, 617



Mattia Silvi

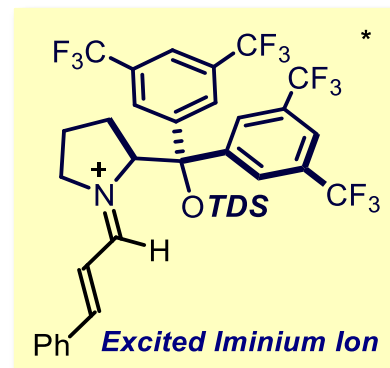
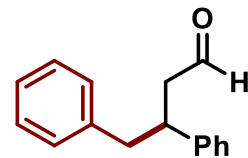
Photo-excitation of Iminium Ions



aminocatalyst (20 mol%)
single LED (420 nm)



TFA (40 mol%), 4 hours
ambient temperature,
acetonitrile

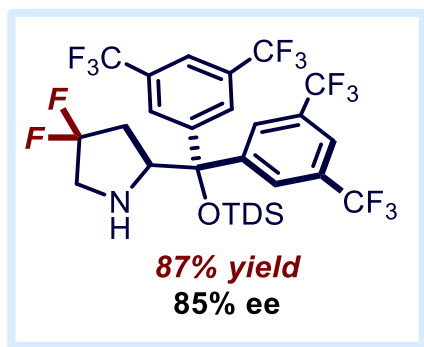
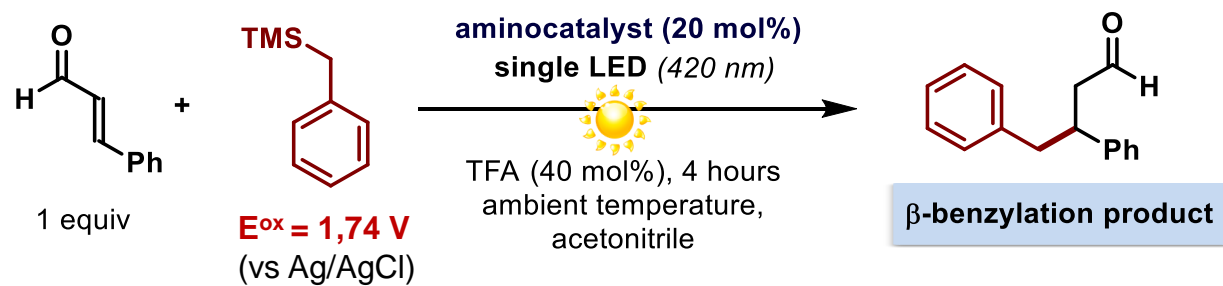


Mattia Silvi



Charlie Verrier

Photo-excitation of Iminium Ions



$E^{\text{ox}} = 2,20 \text{ V}$
(vs Ag/AgCl)

TDS: dimethylhexylsilyl



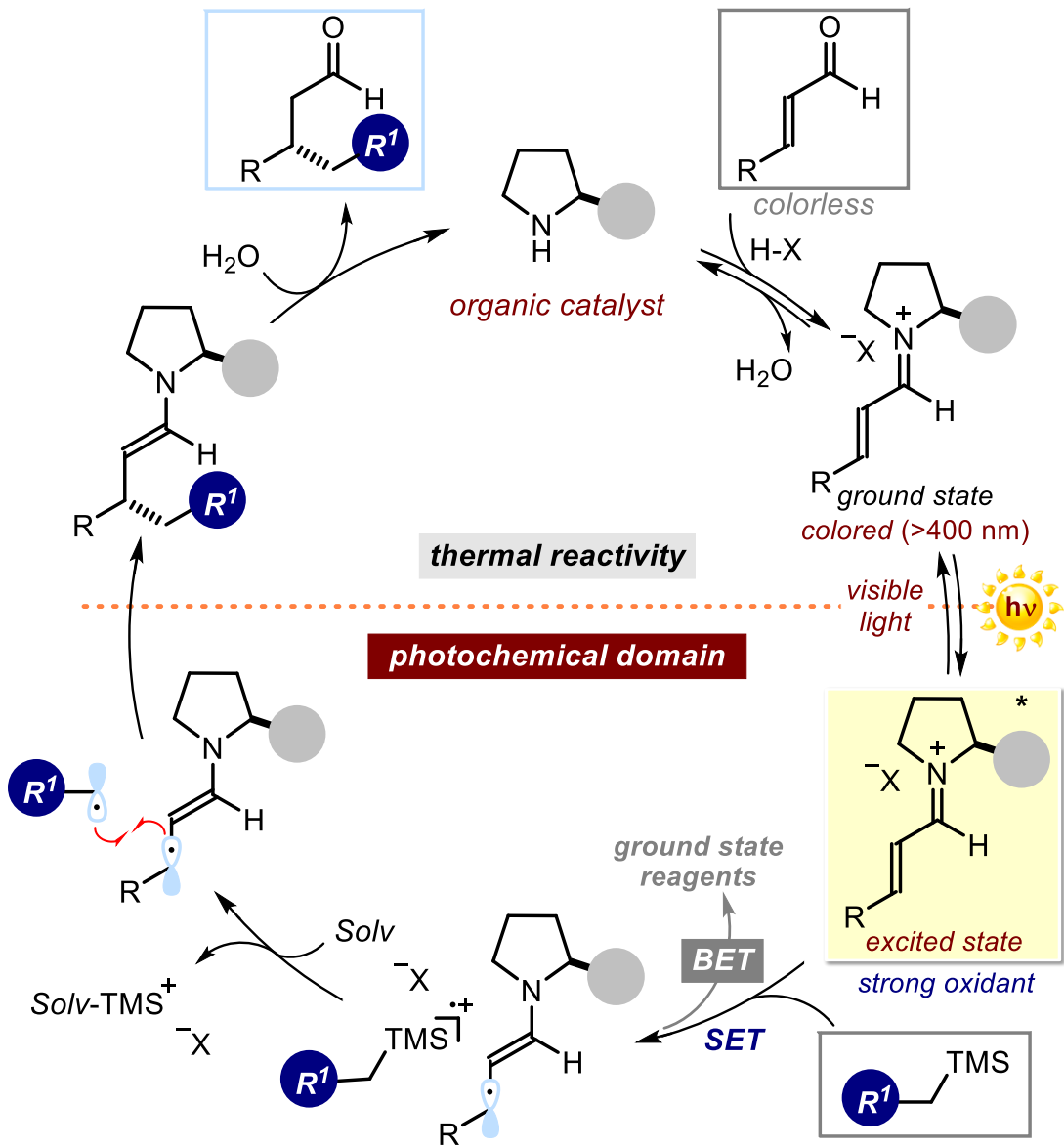
Yannick Rey



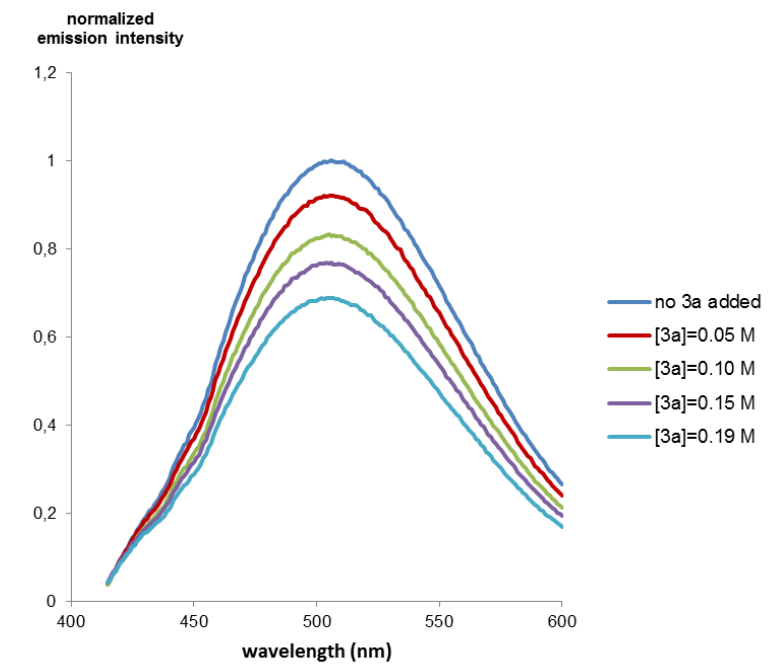
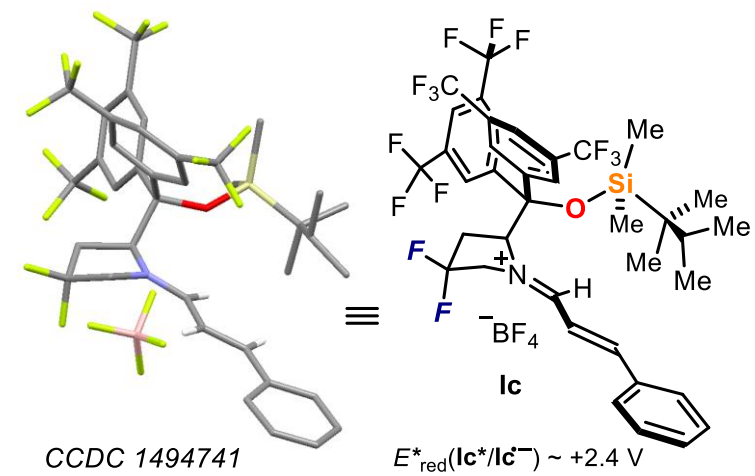
Charlie Verrier

with M. Silvi, C. Verrier, Y. Rey, L. Buzzetti
Nature Chem. **2017**, 9, 868-873

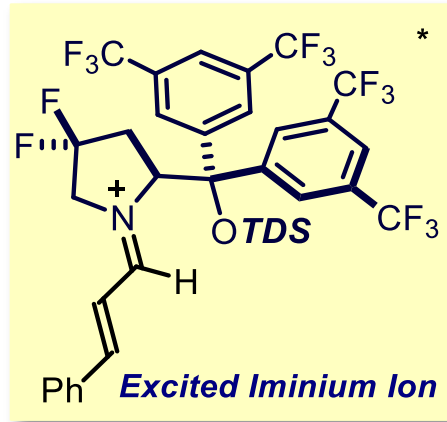
Proposed mechanism



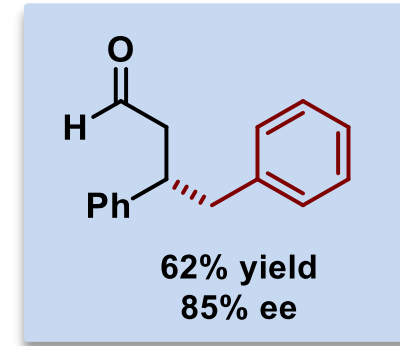
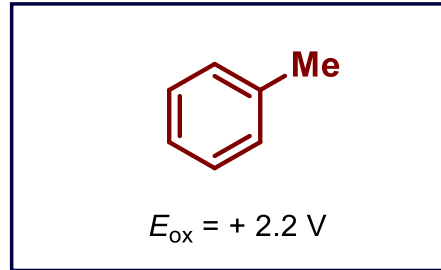
$\Phi (400 \text{ nm}) = 0,04$



Asymmetric Photocatalytic C-H Functionalization of Toluene

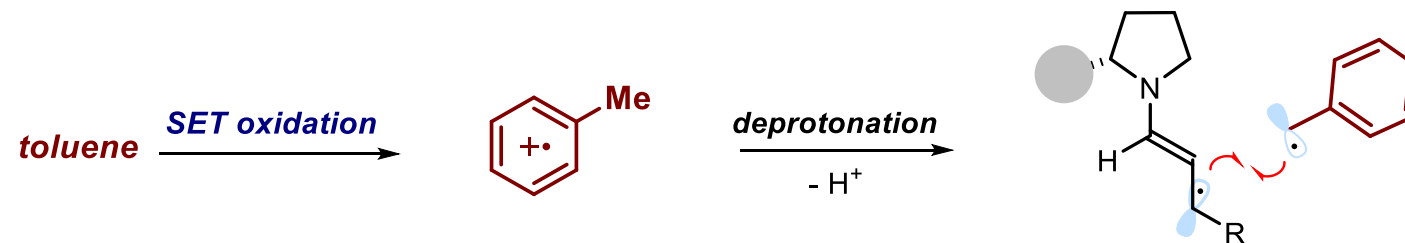


Strong oxidant

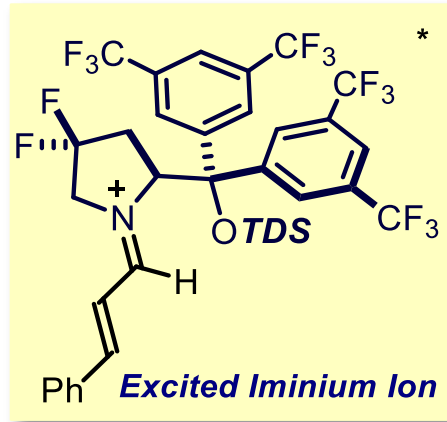


with D. Mazzearella, G. Crisenza,
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2018**, *140*, 8439-8443

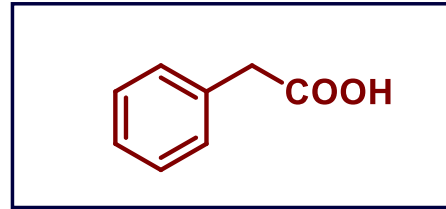
Mechanistic path



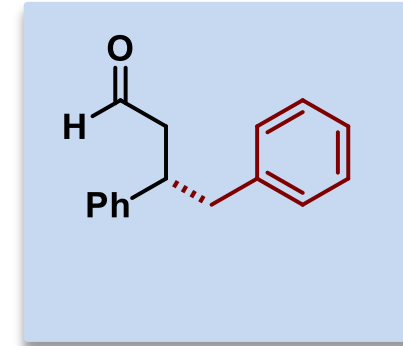
Something we could not do



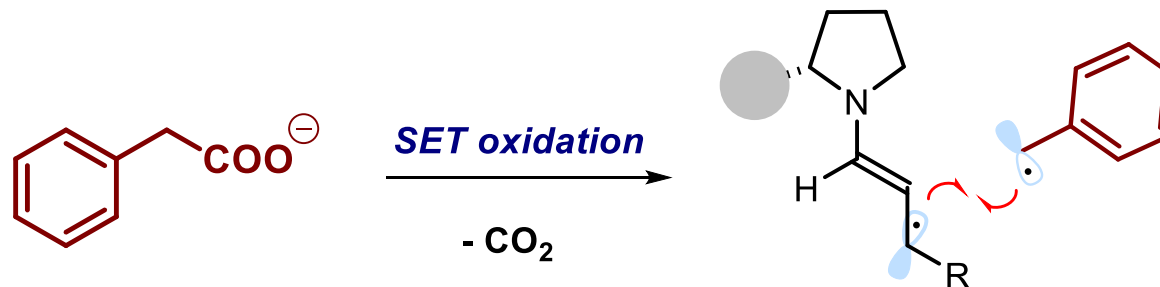
Strong oxidant



abundant

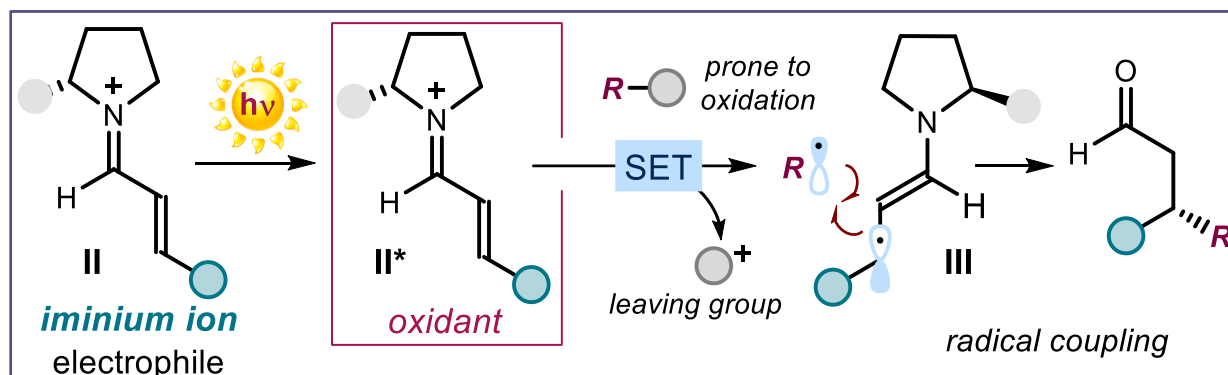
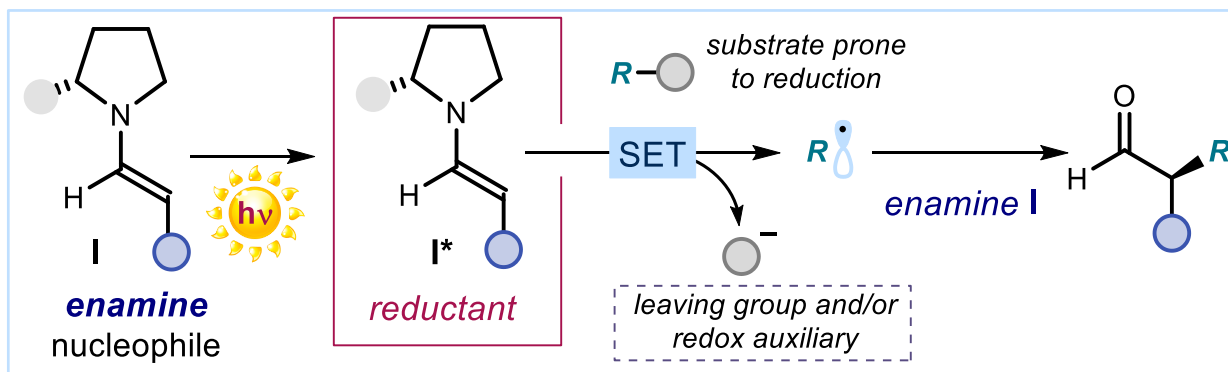


Mechanistic path



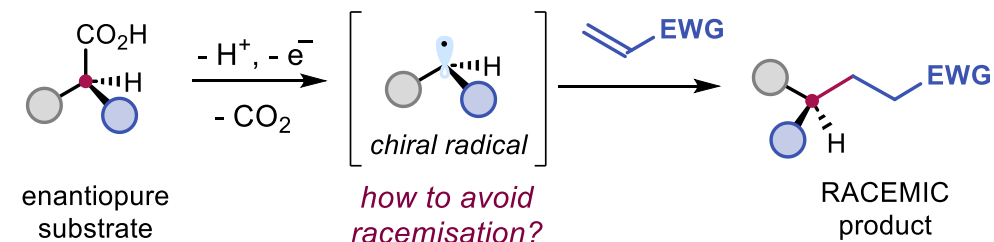
Why we failed:

Acidic conditions of iminium ion formation are incompatible with carboxylate formation



Open Challenge

- Memory of Chirality in Asymmetric Radical Chemistry



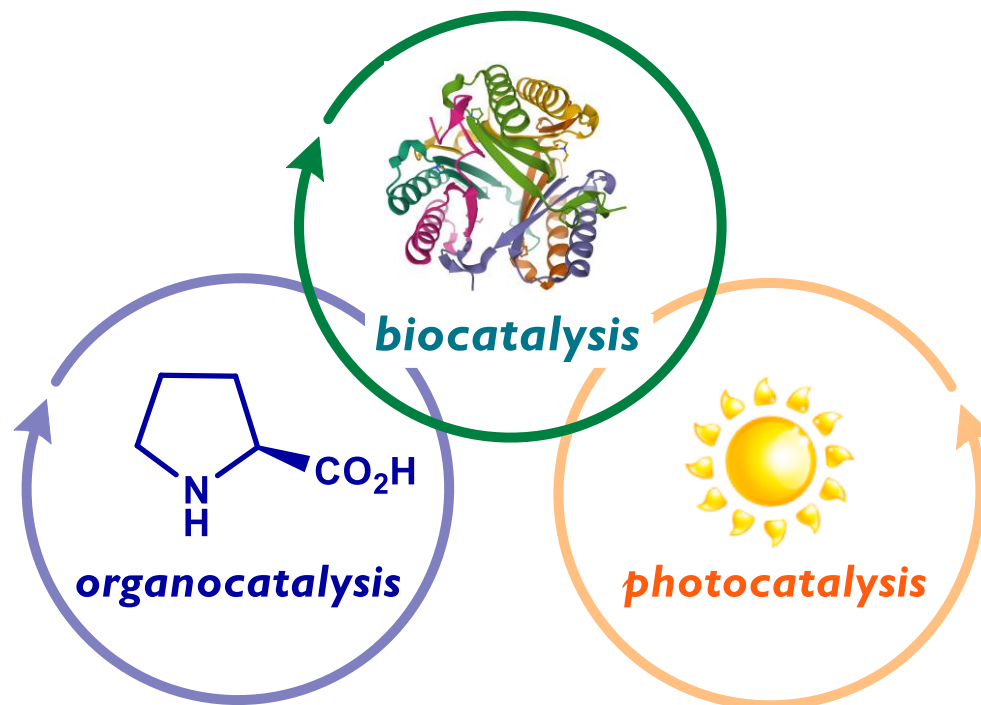
Enhancing the potential of enantioselective organocatalysis with light

Mattia Silvi¹ & Paolo Melchiorre^{2,3}

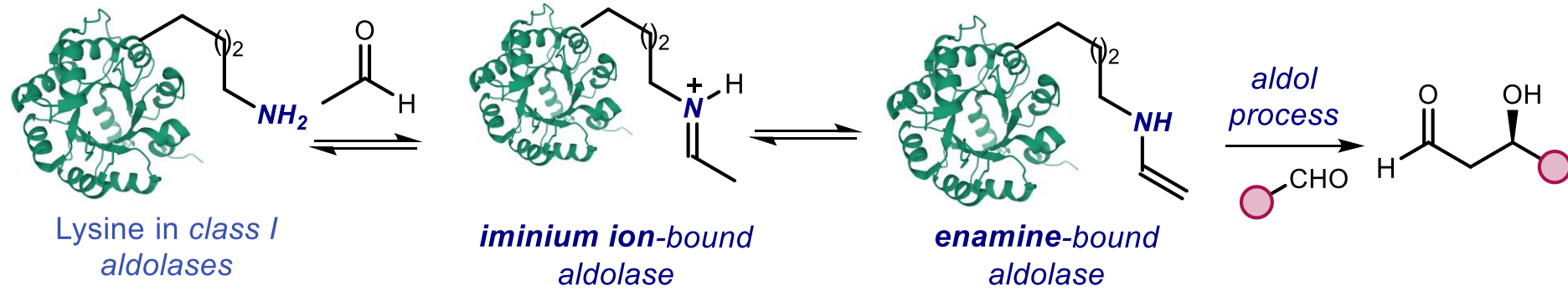
Review
Nature **554**, 41–49 (2018)

This Story

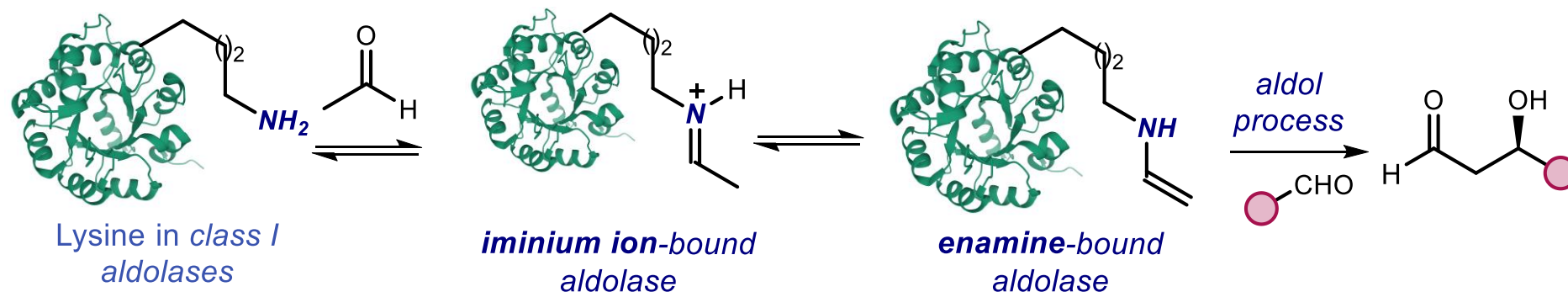
Organocatalysis, Light & Enzymes



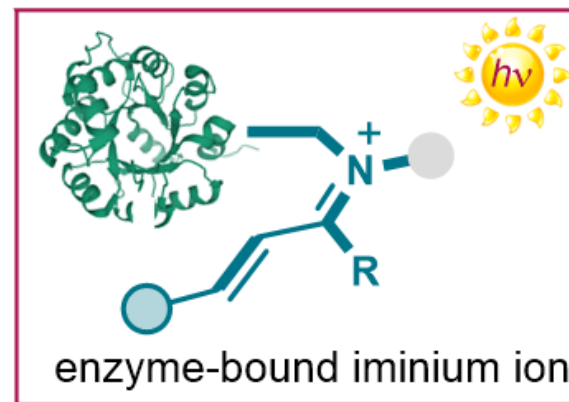
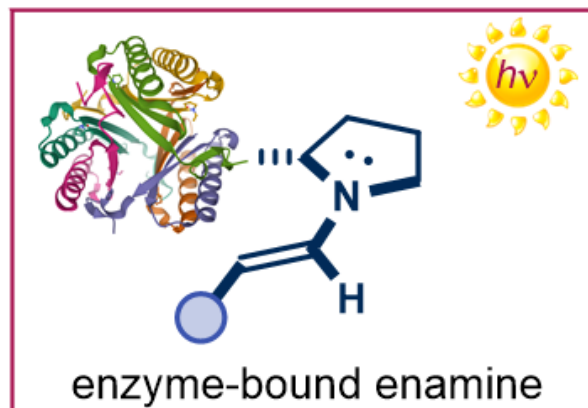
Why Moving into Biocatalysis



Photoenzymes for New Chemistry

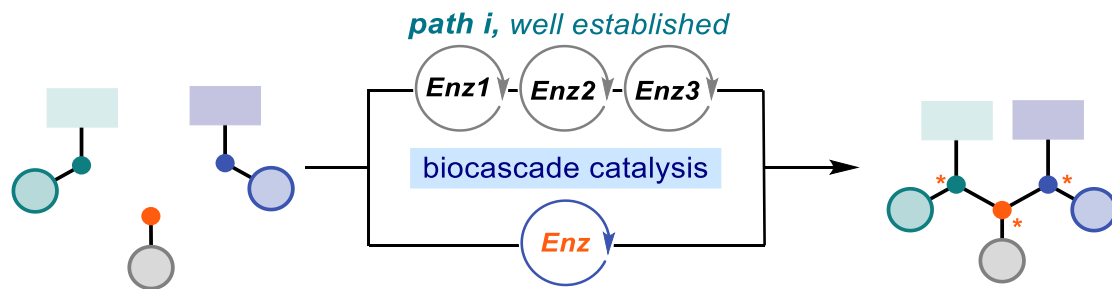


PHOTOZYME'S Tools



excitation of protein-bound catalytic intermediates

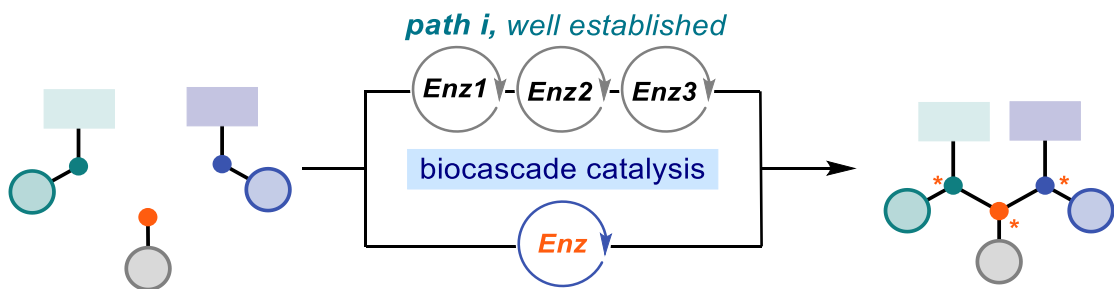
Biocatalysis



Established approach to design biocascade processes

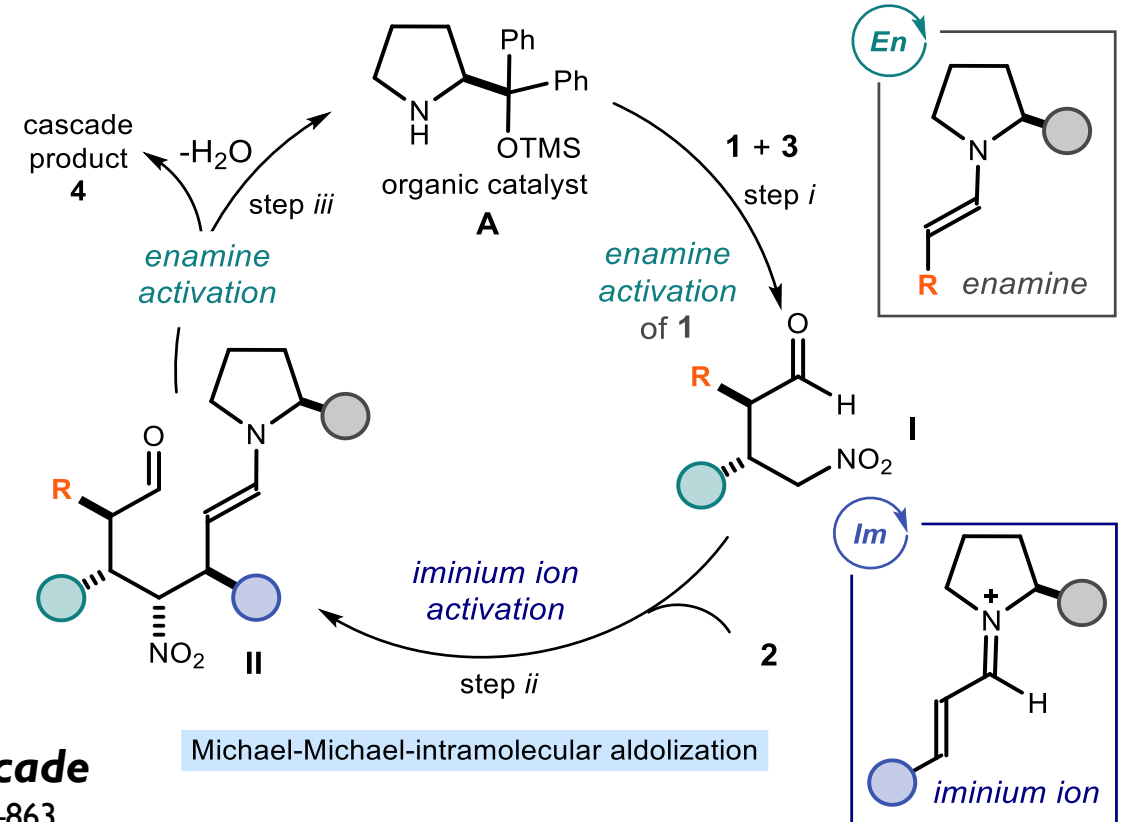
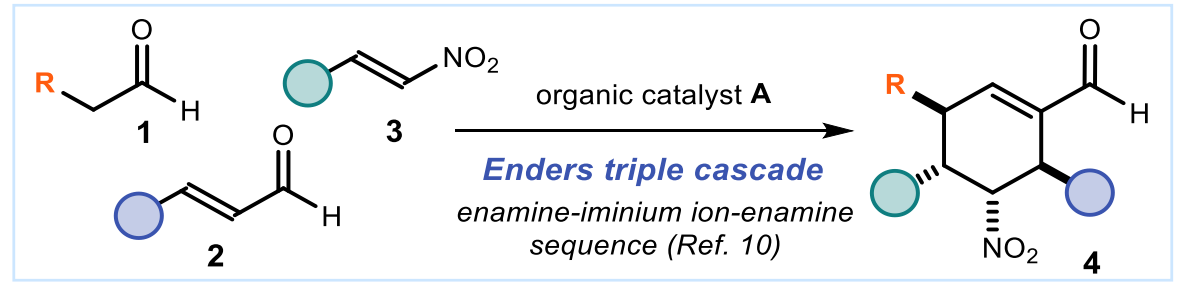


Biocatalysis

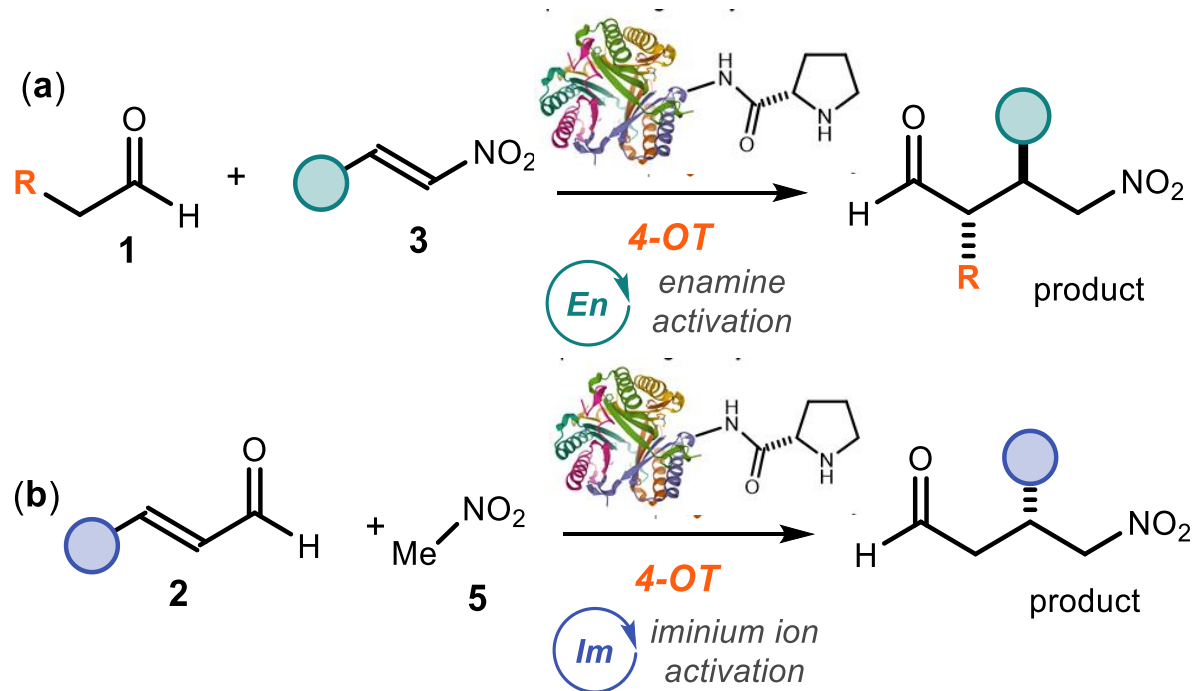


Established approach to design biocascade processes

Organocatalysis



Enders Triple cascade
Nature 2006, 441, 861-863

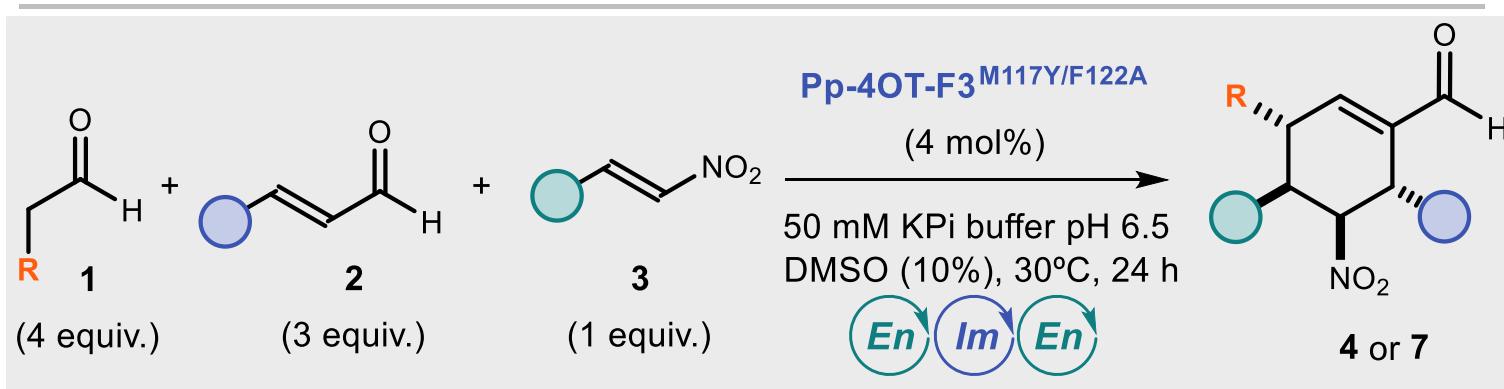


4-Oxalocrotonate tautomerase (4-OT) enzymes can promote organocatalytic asymmetric processes

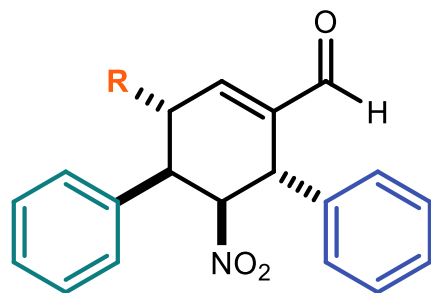
Poelarends, G. J. et al.:

(a) *Chem. Bio. Chem.* **2015**, *15*, 738–741. (b) *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2020**, *59*, 10374–10378. (c) *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2021**, *60*, 24059–24063.

(d) *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2022, e202203613

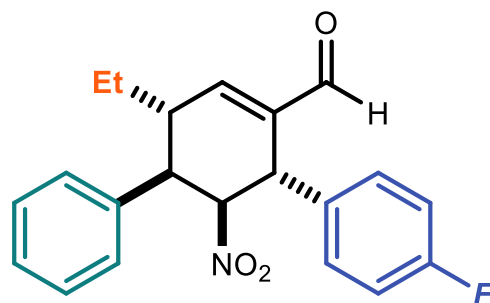


– scope of the triple biocascade

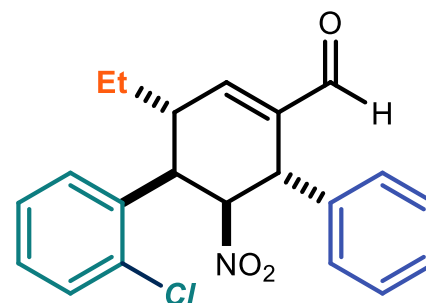


R = H: 4a*: 28% yield
>20:1 dr, >99% ee

R = Et: 7a: 50% yield
3.7:1 dr, >99% ee



7b: 43% yield
6:1 dr, >99% ee

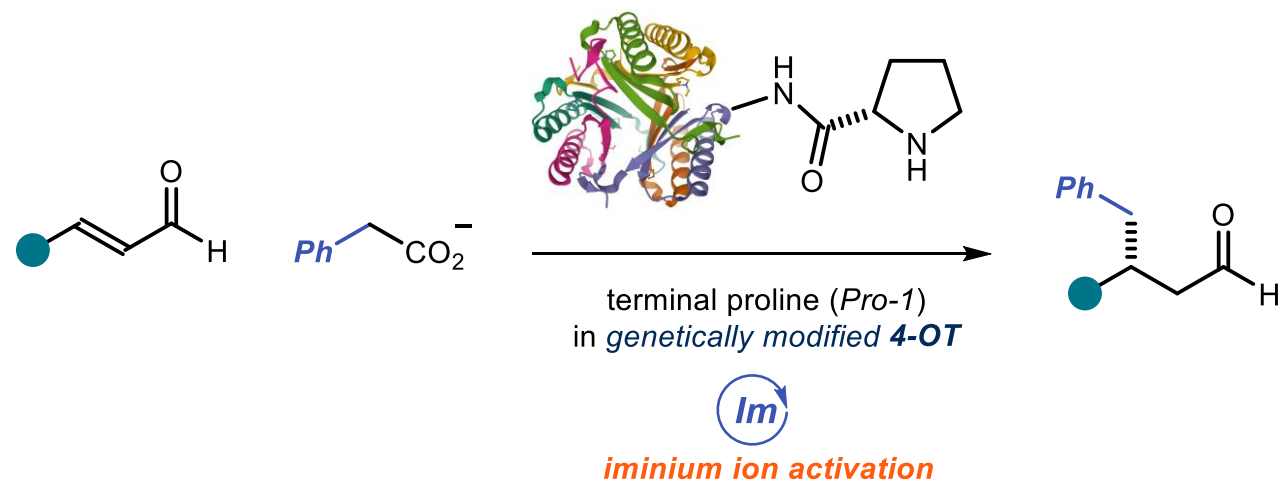


7c: 51% yield
4.7:1 dr, >99% ee
(23% yield isolated)



Vasilis Tseliou

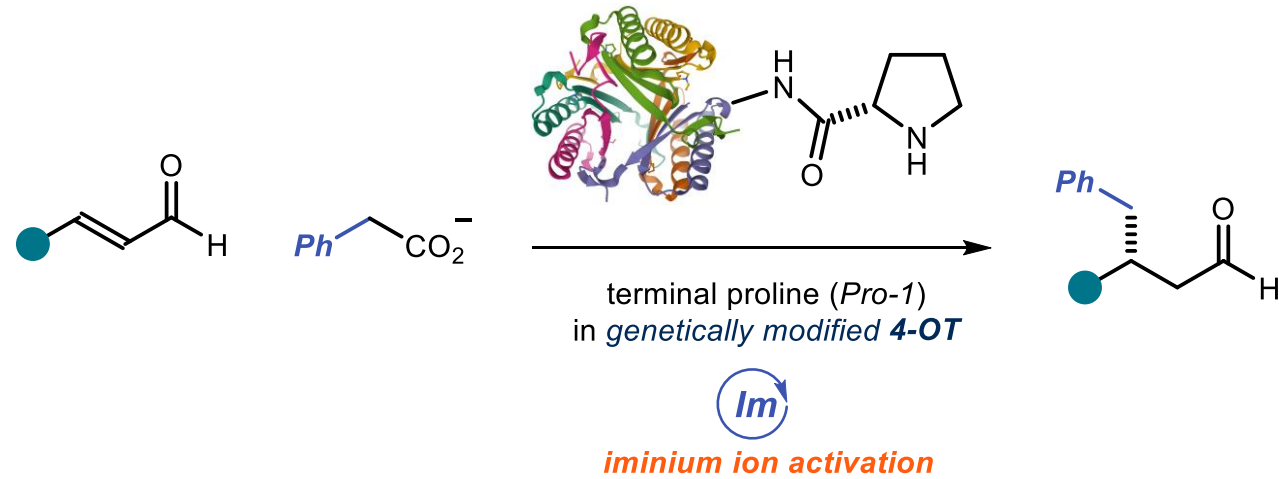
Biocatalysis, Organocatalysis, and Light



violet LED 15% yield, **99% ee**
No light: no reaction

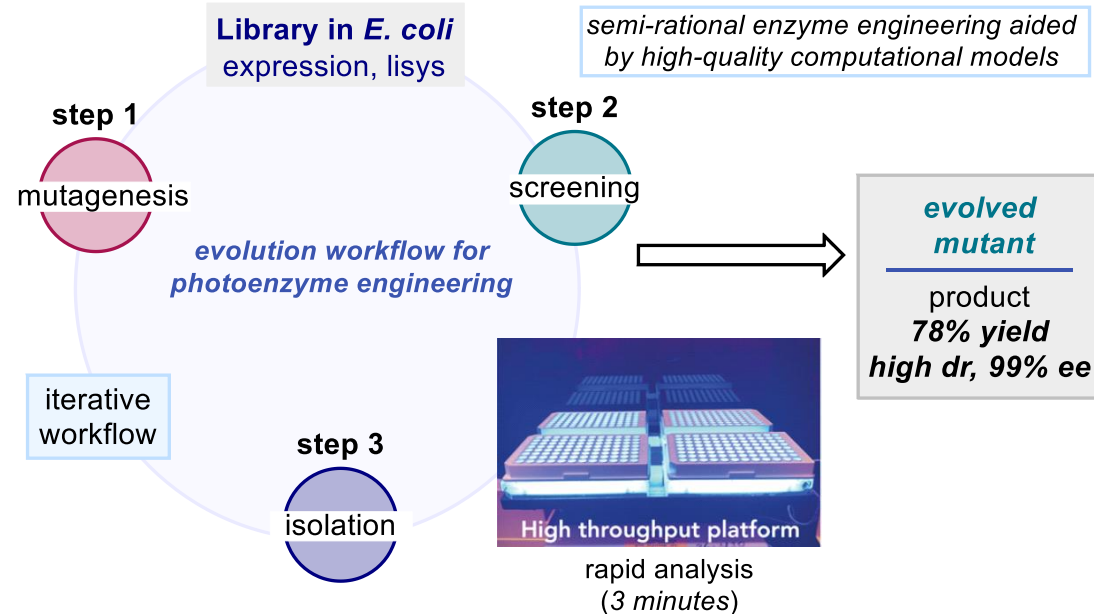
with V. Tseliou, L. Kqiku, M. Berger, T. Schiel

A Non-Natural Photodecarboxylase



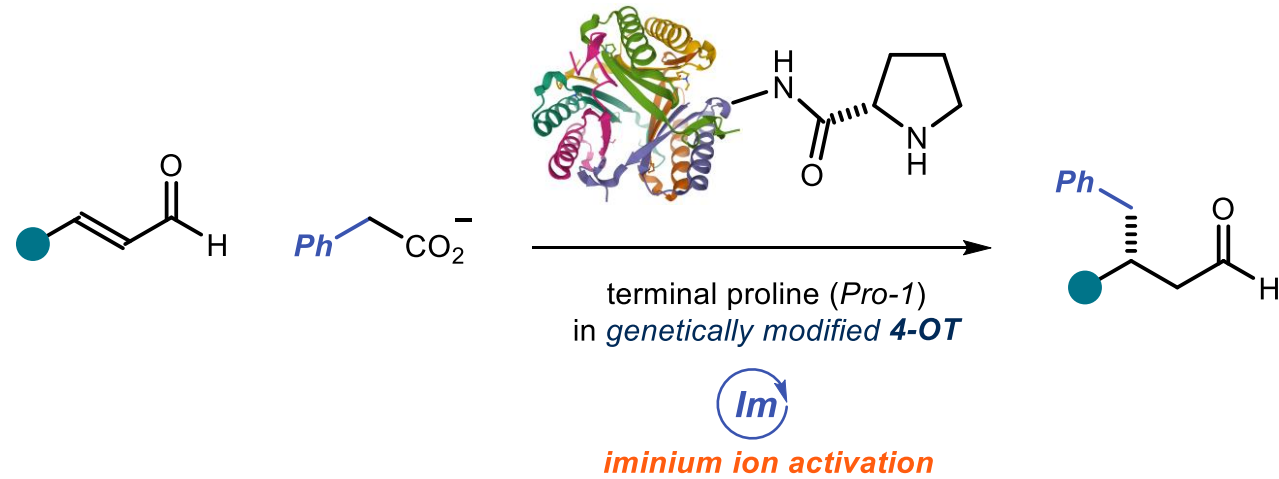
violet LED 15% yield, **99% ee**
No light: no reaction

with V. Tseliou, L. Kqiku, M. Berger, T. Schiel
unpublished



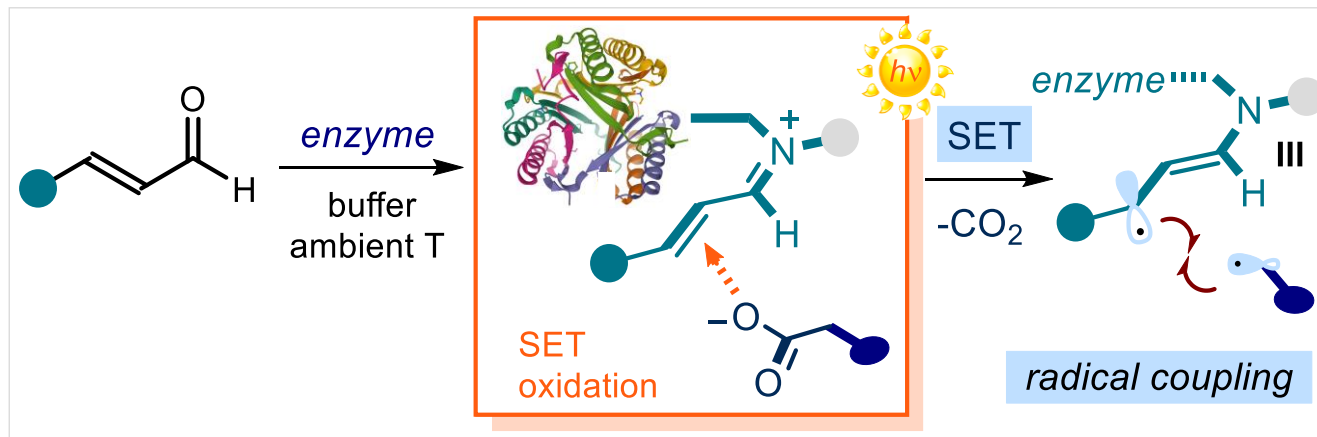
**Iterative saturation mutagenesis
by high-throughput experimentation (HTE)**

A Non-Natural Photodecarboxylase

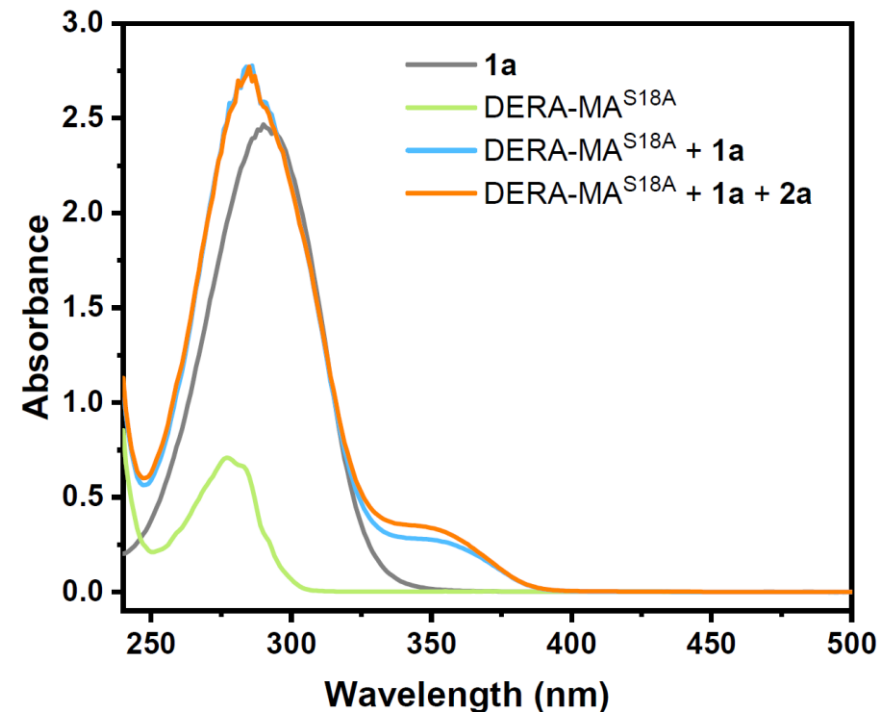
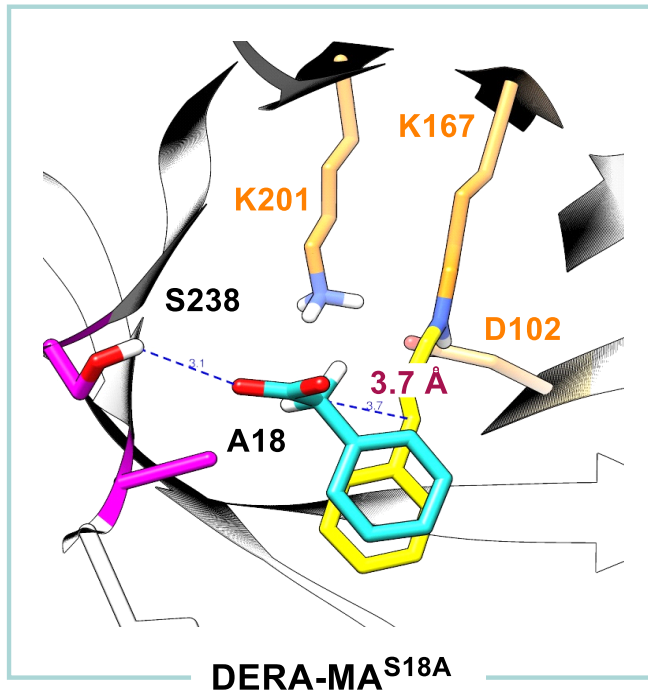
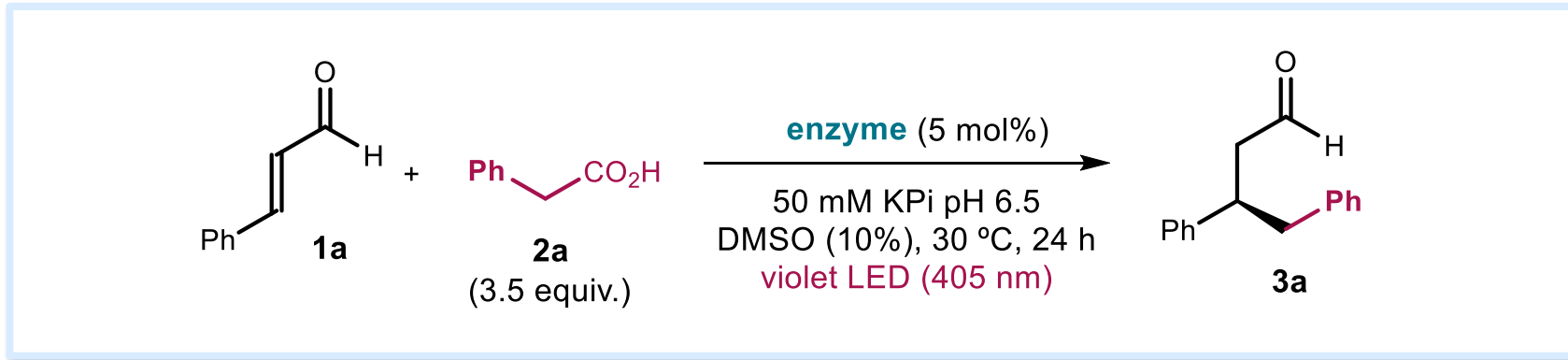


violet LED 15% yield, **99% ee**
No light: no reaction

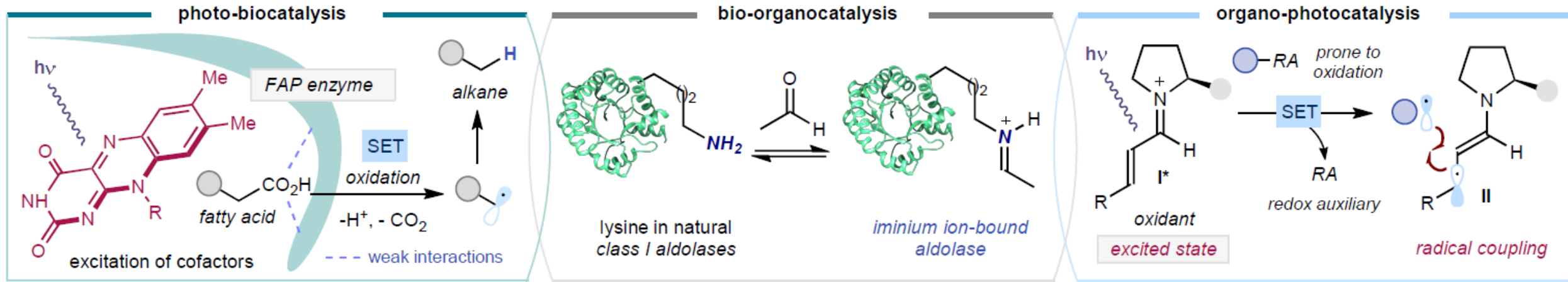
with V. Tseliou, L. Kqiku, M. Berger, T. Schiel



A Non-Natural Photodecarboxylase



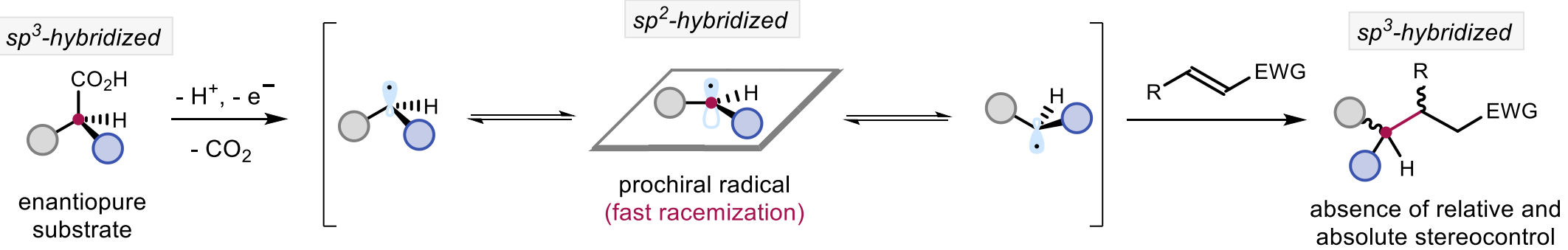
A Non-Natural Photodecarboxylase



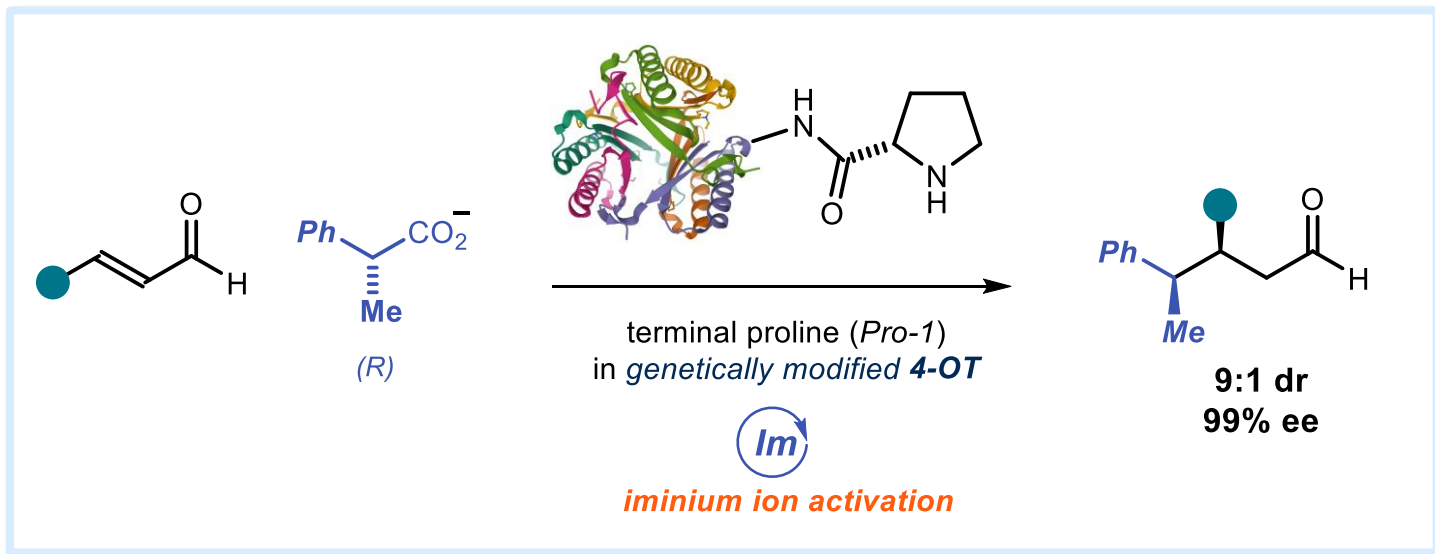
For the natural Fatty Acid Photodecarboxylase (FAP), see:

Beisson, F. et al. An algal photoenzyme converts fatty acids to hydrocarbons
Science **357**, 903–907 (2017).

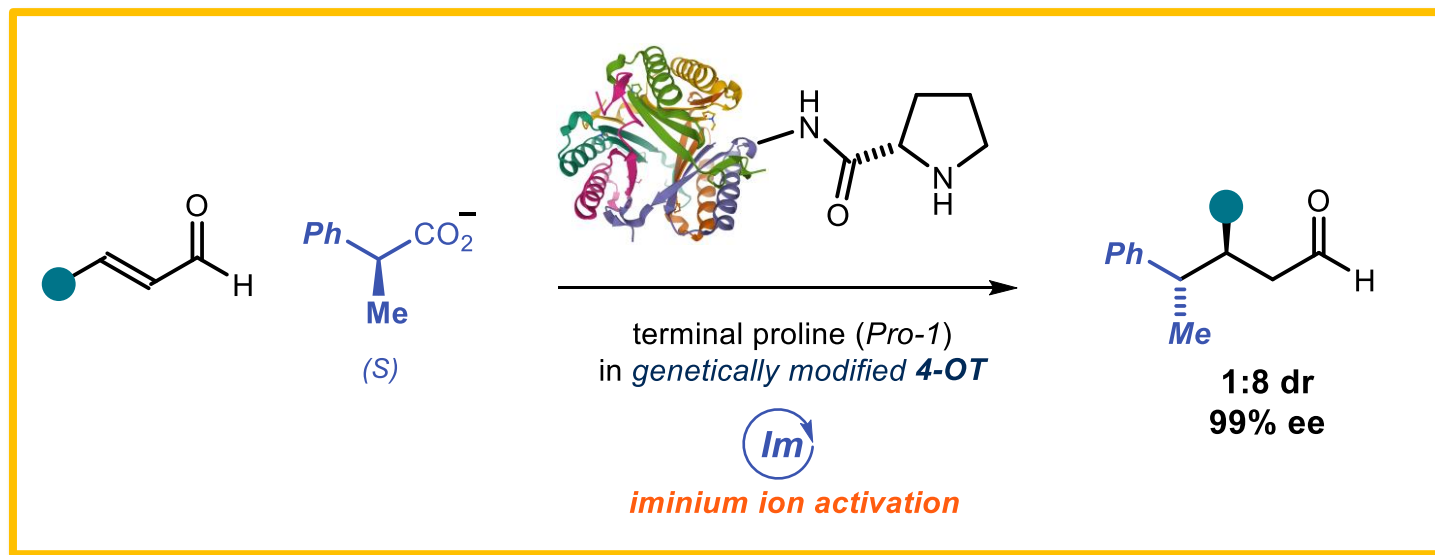
About chiral radicals



The problem of chiral radicals

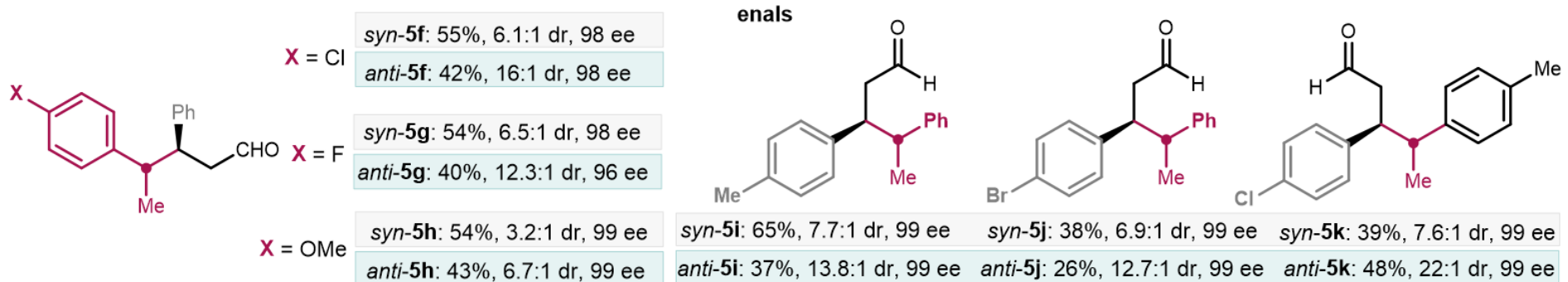
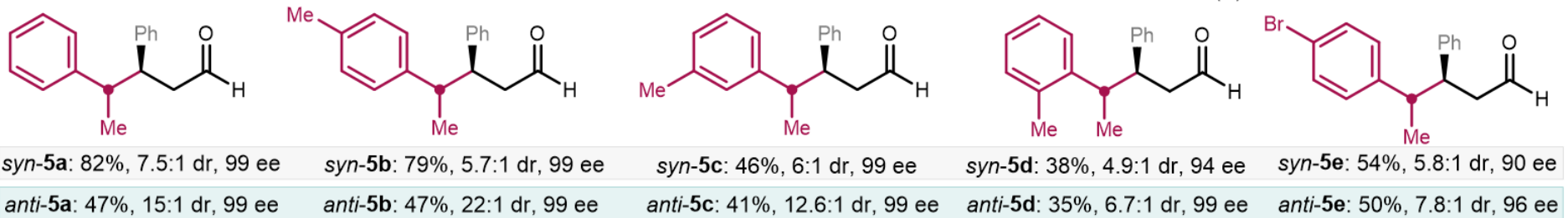
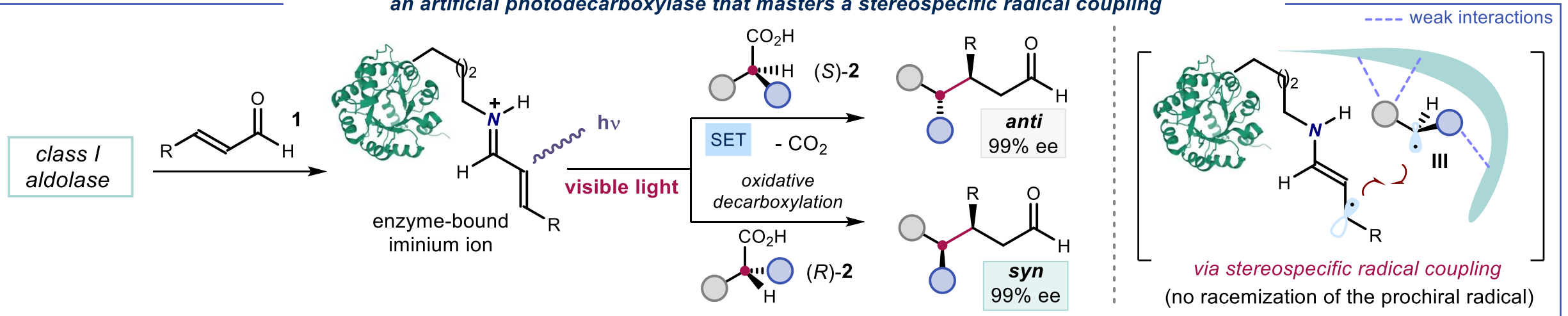


Memory of chirality



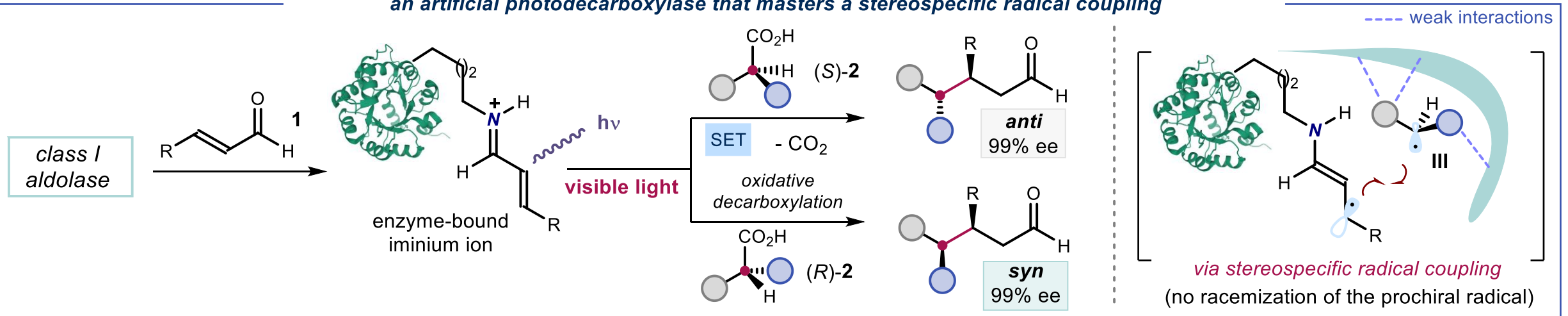
Stereospecific Radical Coupling

an artificial photodecarboxylase that masters a stereospecific radical coupling

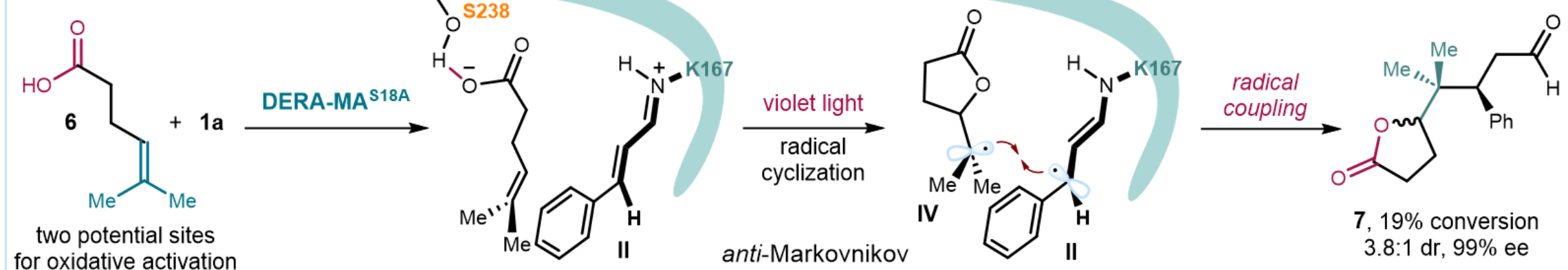


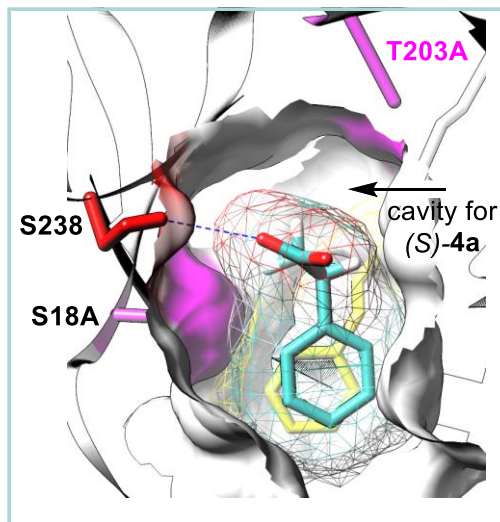
Stereospecific Radical Coupling

an artificial photodecarboxylase that masters a stereospecific radical coupling

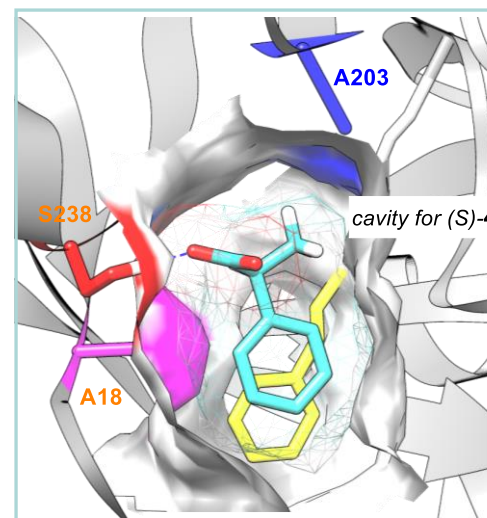


d Activation of alkenoic acid



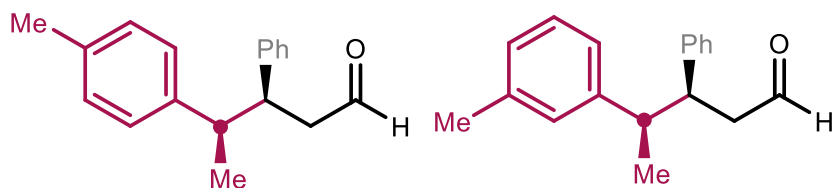
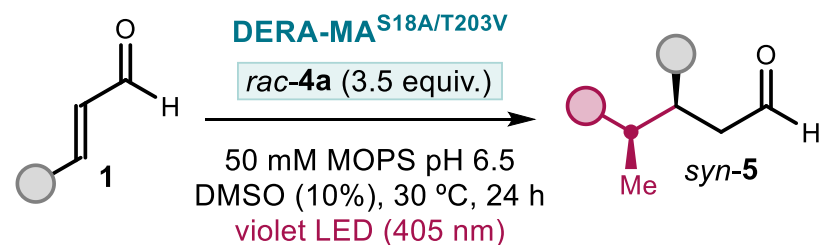


(*R*)-acid



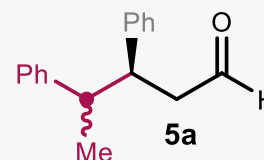
(*S*)-acid

Kinetic Resolution



syn-5b: 76%, 5.5:1 dr, 99 ee

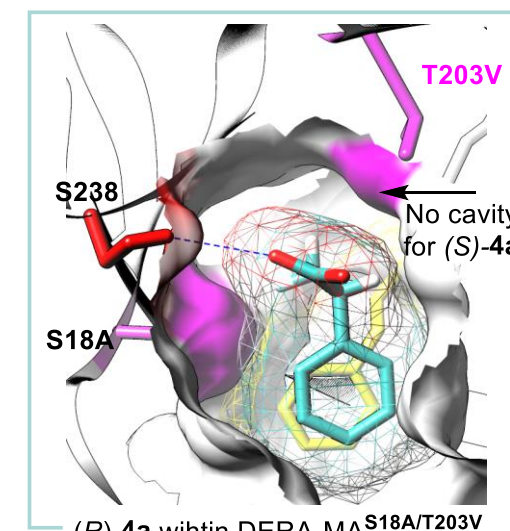
syn-5c: 49%, 3.1:1 dr, 95 ee



from *rac-4a*
syn-5a, 67%, 5.3:1 dr, 99% ee

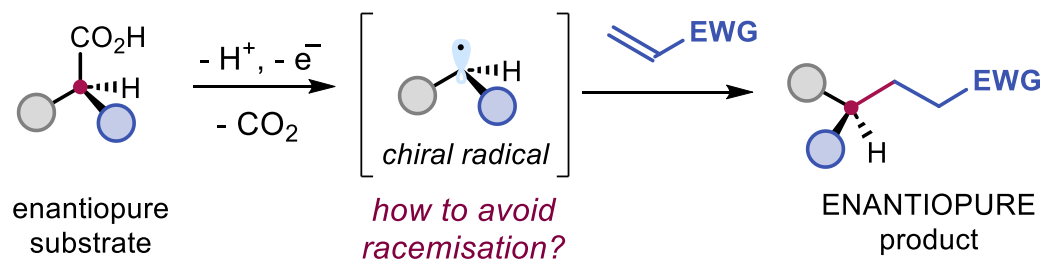
from (*R*)-*4a*
syn-5a, 70%, 8.3:1 dr, 99% ee

from (*S*)-*4a*
anti-5a, 9%, 4.3:1 dr, 99% ee

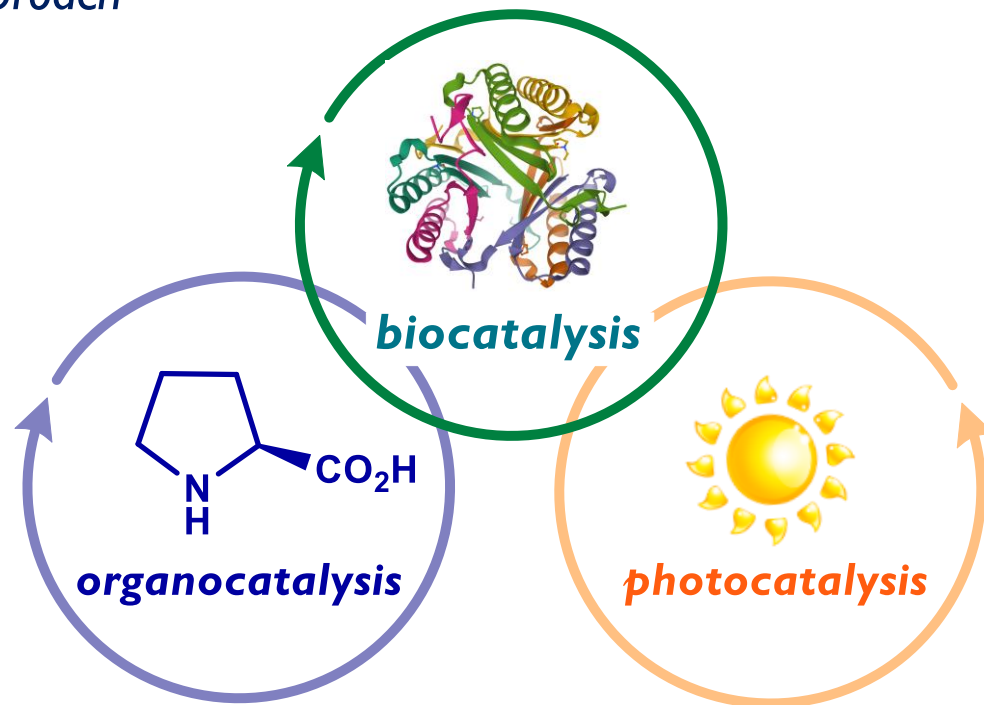


(*R*)-*4a* within DERA-MA^{S18A/T203V}

How to transfer stereochemical information when chiral radicals are formed?



Our approach



Moving back to UNIBO – Alma Mater



ALMA MATER STUDIORUM
UNIVERSITÀ DI BOLOGNA



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@UNIBO

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Dr. Bixiao Li
Hailong Wang
Su Huan
Roberta Coccia
Luca DiMartile
Enrico Sfreddo
Jacopo Mazzeo
Ramon Arora



Starting (2011-2016)
Consolidator (2016-2021)
Proof-of-Concept (2020)
Advanced (2023-2028)



“LIGHT CAT” P2022 RHMCM
supported by the Next Generation EU program

